#### LEGAL ASSISTANCE OFFICE—WILL WORKSHEET

**PRIVACY ACT STATEMENT AUTHORITY:** 10 USC 3012

**PRINCIPAL PURPOSES**: To be used in the preparation of a Last Will and Testament.

**ROUTINE USES: None.** 

**DISCLOSURE IS VOLUNTARY**, but failure to supply this information may preclude preparation of a Last Will and Testament

To schedule an appointment, contact the Legal Assistance Office at (502) **624-2771**.

This Will Worksheet will answer common questions concerning Wills and prepare you to discuss your needs and desires with an attorney. After you complete this will worksheet you will give it to the attorney with whom you have been given an appointment. The attorney will review your information and answer any questions you have concerning the preparation of your Will. Please do not hesitate to ask the attorney any questions you have regarding the disposition of your property and the designation of individuals to serve in certain capacities or to receive certain property.

#### PLEASE BRING THE FOLLOWING DOCUMENTS TO YOUR APPOINTMENT:

- -- Deeds to any property you own or in which you have an ownership interest
- -- If you are a member of the military, a copy of your SGLV 8286 beneficiary designation
- -- Commercial life insurance policies, if any
- --Vehicle titles
- -- Investment documentation including designation of beneficiary forms for each account
- --Divorce decrees and/or Separation Agreements, if any
- -- Antenuptial Agreements, if any
- -- Any current will and/or powers of attorney

PLEASE PROVIDE ALL INFORMATION CLEARLY. THIS FORM WILL BE USED TO PREPARE YOUR WILL.

## COMMONLY ASKED QUESTIONS/IMPORTANT INFORMATION

- (1) WHAT IS A WILL? A will is a legal document that states your desires concerning what will happen to your property after your death. A will can also contain instructions on who will implement your instructions and who may take care of any minor children after your death.
- (2) WHAT IS PROBATE? It is the court process of legally establishing the validity of a will and administering an estate. Probate also addresses such issues as taxes, the guardianship of your children, etc. Not all assets will be dealt with in probate. Many assets are considered non-probate assets, or assets controlled by a contract, not a will. These assets include life insurance policies, Thrift Savings Plans, brokerage accounts, etc. In most cases, your will does not direct the disposition of these assets; rather, you designate your own beneficiaries with a designation of beneficiary form.

- (3) WHY SHOULD I MAKE A WILL? If you die without a valid will, state law, either your state of legal residence or the state where you die, will control the distribution of your property. Generally, for you to control what happens to your property you must have a valid will.
- (4) BE AWARE THAT THE LEGAL ASSISTANCE OFFICE CANNOT HELP YOU WITH ANY OF THE FOLLOWING inter vivos trusts (also known as "revocable living trusts,"), irrevocable trusts or charitable remainder trusts. If you are interested in any of these items, you should talk with an estate planner. An estate planner can help you establish these various trusts. If you already have one of these trusts, you will need to see the attorney who drafted the trust for you, or another estate-planning attorney, to draft a will for you. The Legal Assistance Office can provide you with an attorney referral list featuring several estate planners in the Fort Knox area.
- (5) WHAT IF I OWN OR OPERATE MY OWN BUSINESS OR A WORKING FARM? Owning or operating your own business or working farm raises certain important tax and business issues that need to be addressed in your will. The Fort Knox Legal Assistance Office cannot see you under such circumstances. You should instead consult with an estate planner. An attorney referral list is available at the Legal Assistance Office.
- (6) WHAT ABOUT THE FEDERAL ESTATE TAX? Federal estate taxes can take a tremendous amount out of an estate. Under the current tax legislation, there is an \$11,200,000 exemption from federal estate taxes per person and \$22,400,000 for couples. However, that exemption is "temporary": it expires on 31 December 2025. On 1 January 2026 it reverts to 2017 levels (\$5,490,000 for individuals/\$10,980,000 for couples). The amount of that exemption can also be affected by other issues, such as whether assets are passing to a spouse who is not a U.S. citizen.

Calculate your estate value by adding the fair market value of all your assets, and then subtract any debts you may have. YOU MUST INCLUDE ANY LIFE INSURANCE YOU HAVE, INCLUDING SGLI. If the value of your estate exceeds the amounts allowed tax-free above, your attorney may be able to suggest means to reduce your estate's tax liability.

	<b>CLIENT</b>	INFORMATION	
(1) YOUR FULL NAME:	:		
	FIRST	MIDDLE	LAST
(2) Are you a citizen of th	e United States? YI	ES / NO	
	ou have your perma	al Residence): ment home, to where, when	
State in which you are reg	gistered to vote:		
State where you are licens	sed to drive:		
State where you pay incom	ne tax:		

State(s) where you (Please identify the	own real estate:type of real estate, i.e. house, la	nd, etc.).		
yourself, any family ***If you have alr	usts ( <u>NOT</u> in any will), such as ly members or other beneficiaries eady established such a trust, of te-planning attorney who can elanning concepts.	? YES/NO our office cannot draf	ft a will for you. You	u will
(5) MARITAL STA	ATUS			
Are you currently n	narried? YES / NO			
Have you been mar	ried before? YES / NO			
If you are currently	married, your spouse's name:			
FIRST	MIDDLE	LAST		
•	S. Citizen? YES/NO No," is your spouse a Resident A	lien? YES/NO		
	pouse enter into a pre-nuptial agre? YES/NO IF "YES," PLEAS INTMENT.			
(6) CHILDREN				
	ages of all of your natural born cher the child is natural born, add		ren, or stepchildren.	Under
NAME	AGE		STATUS	
	children or any other beneficiar might qualify them as "special i		ceive SSI or any other	kind

(8) If you have stepchildren, do you want your will to state that your stepchildren are to be treated under your will like natural born children? (In other words, do you want your stepchildren to inherit equally with your other children?) YES / NO

#### **VALUE OF ESTATE**

To determine what type of will is appropriate for you, we need an estimate of the value of your estate. For this purpose, include the value of all of the property you own in your name, and if married, the value of your spouse's property. Also include the value of your life insurance policies (SGLI, VGLI, etc.). Note that life insurance ordinarily does **not** pass according to your will; it will go to the beneficiaries you designated in the policy. The policy's "face value" is usually included in determining whether estate taxes will apply in your case.

#### **FINANCIAL DATA**

Clients should complete this section <u>jointly</u> to accurately determine the estate and gift tax consequences, if any, resulting from the distribution of your property. <u>You need only provide approximate figures</u>. If you prefer, you can provide us with a recent financial statement that accurately reflects the current value of your joint and individual assets and liabilities. **For all property, real or personal, to include intangible property, please bring copies of deeds or other documents indicating ownership.** 

#### **GOVERNMENT LIFE INSURANCE:**

TYPE	TERM/CASH VALUE	FACE AMOUNT	BENEFICIARY
SGLI	TERM		
DEP. SGLI	TERM		
VGLI? Y/N	TERM		
FEGLI? Y/N	TERM		

### **COMMERCIAL LIFE INSURANCE:**

COMPANY	TERM/CASH VALUI	E FACE AMOUNT	BENEFICIARY

If serving on active duty, have you named a secon	d party to receive a portion of your death gratuity's
YES/NO	
If "VEC" list the name of the second party	

It <b>`</b>	YES,	' list the name of tl	he second pai	rty	

<sup>--</sup>If "YES," list the percentage the second party is to receive \_\_\_\_\_

# **OTHER PROPERTY:**

	Jointly owned?	In Client's	In Spouse's	Total
Cl. 1:		name only?	name only?	
Checking accounts (value)				
Savings accounts				
(value)				
Residences				
(value)				
Other real estate				
(Describe)				
Retirement investments				
(IRAs, Thrift Savings Plan, 401(k), etc.)				
1 lan, 401(k), etc.)				
Non-retirement				
investments (stocks, mutual funds, certificates				
of deposit, etc.)				
Closely held				
business(es)				
Vehicles				
(Make/model/year/value)				
Other personal property				
(boats, collections with				
significant value, etc.)				
Other				
(please describe)				
TOTAL				

#### PERSONAL REPRESENTATIVE/EXECUTOR

(1) WHAT IS A PERSONAL REPRESENTATIVE/EXECUTOR? A personal representative is a person you name in your Will to carry out your desires, as expressed in your Will and to settle your estate. Be sure the person is someone you trust. Most married people name their spouse first and an alternate in the event that their spouse is deceased or unable to act. You must select someone who is at least 18 years old. In addition, most states require that your personal representative be either a family member or a resident of that state.

(2) Can I name co-personal representatives? Yes, but this can be problematic because they both	h
must agree before taking any actions to settle your estate. If your co-personal representatives can	ot
agree, a court must then become involved.	

Full name	Relationship to you
(4) Who do you want to appoin	at as your alternate personal representative/executor?
-	
Full name	Relationship to you
	Relationship to you ther alternate personal representative/executor?

## **DISTRIBUTION OF PROPERTY**

- (1) WHAT CAN I DO WITH MY PROPERTY? You can give your property to anyone you wish, although there are laws in some states which may give your spouse and/or children a right to a portion of your property even if you do not mention them in the will.
- (2) CAN I GIVE SPECIFIC THINGS TO SPECIFIC PEOPLE? Yes. You should discuss this with your Legal Assistance attorney. In order to make a specific bequest, you must fully describe what you want to give and the person who is to receive it. You should be careful about specific bequests. If, before your death, you dispose of the property which is subject to a specific bequest, or if there is any doubt about the exact property that you have described in your will, you may create difficulties for your personal representative. Also, keep in mind that if you make a specific bequest, and later decide that you would rather have the property go to another individual, your will would have to be updated.
- (3) IS ALL OF MY PROPERTY CONTROLLED BY MY WILL WHEN I DIE? No. For example, proceeds of life insurance policies (including SGLI) go to the person you name as the beneficiary on the insurance policy. Additionally, property that is jointly owned with a right of survivorship goes directly to the surviving joint owner. Property passed in this manner avoids the probate proceeding.

(4) TO WHOM DO YOU WANT TO LEAVE YOUR PROPERTY? (Please indicate the person's relationship to you).
a. I would like to leave all of my property to my spouse. YES $/$ NO
If NO, I would like to leave my property to
b. If the individual in (a) does not outlive me, then I want to leave all of my property to my children. YES $/NO$
If NO, I would like to leave my property to
c. If the individual in (b) does not outlive me, then I want to leave all of my property to my grandchildren. YES $/$ NO
If NO, I would like to leave all of my property to
(5) <b>DISINHERITANCE:</b> You have the right to completely disinherit certain individuals, other than your spouse. Generally, one can only disinherit a spouse to a certain extent; otherwise, the spouse can elect to receive a certain minimum amount the spouse is entitled to under state law. Your attorney can provide more information on this topic.
Is there anyone whom you wish to disinherit (receive nothing from your probate estate, under any circumstances)?
****IF YOU DO NOT HAVE MINOR CHILDREN OR ARE NOT LEAVING ANY PROPERTY TO A MINOR, DO NOT COMPLETE THIS SECTION.
(1) <b>AGE OF DISTRIBUTION:</b> If your intention is that your minor children not have access to your estate until they are older than age 21, please proceed below to Section B. If your intention is that your minor children have access to your estate at some point between the ages of 18 and 21, please read over both Section A and Section B and make your selection.
DISTRIBUTION OF YOUR ESTATE TO MINOR CHILDREN
IF YOU LEAVE PROPERTY TO MINOR CHILDREN, YOU MUST CHOOSE <u>ONE</u> OF THE FOLLOWING:
a. I want to give my executor <u>broad power and discretion</u> to decide the best manner to distribute property to minor children. My executor may establish accounts under the Uniform Gifts to Minors Act or Uniform Trusts to Minors Act; he/she may establish a trust for the benefit of the children; he/she may distribute money and property to the guardian or custodian of the child for the benefit of the child; and he/she may do such other acts as the law will allow to distribute property under my will for the benefit of the children. The child will have access to their portion of my estate upon their 21 <sup>sr</sup> birthday or younger, depending on my wishes.
> Age of distribution
b. I want to establish a <u>TESTAMENTARY TRUST FOR MINOR CHILDREN.</u> A testamentary trust permits a person of your choosing, called the trustee, to control the property you

give to your children in your will. A trust is similar to a bank account that you create for the use of your children; the property you leave to your children automatically goes into the account. The trustee uses the property to benefit the health, welfare and education of your children. If you decide to include a trust, you must choose at least one trustee, but you should name an alternate. You must also choose an age of distribution, which is the age when the children are to receive what is left of the trust. It should be at least 21 years of age. Complete the following questions only if you wish to include a testamentary trust for your minor children. Please indicate the relationship of the trustee/alternate trustee to you. You cannot name a minor to be either the trustee or alternate trustee.

> Trustee

## ADVANCE MEDICAL DIRECTIVE

Our office can also produce an Advance Medical Directive (sometimes known as a "Health Care Power of Attorney" or "Living Will") for you, should you wish to execute one.

An Advance Medical Directive permits you to name who you want to make medical decisions if you are incapacitated and unable to make medical decisions for yourself. You can name a primary choice and an alternate, if you wish.

An Advance Medical Directive also can allow you to say what you do or do not want in terms of lifesustaining measures, food and water and organ donation if your doctors believe you are permanently unconscious or have a terminal condition.

Do you wish to execute an Advance Medical Directive? YES/NO

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If you answered "YES," please answer the following questions:
Whom do you wish to make health care decisions for you if incapacitated?
NAME:
ADDRESS:
PHONE NUMBER (INCLUDING AREA CODE):
Do you wish to name an alternate? YES/NO
If "YES," please provide the following information:
NAME:
ADDRESS
ADDRESS:PHONE NUMBER (INCLUDING AREA CODE):
Do you wish to authorize the person(s) listed above to donate your organs for transplants? YES/NO Do you wish to authorize the person(s) listed above to donate organs and/or tissue for medical or scientific purposes other than transplants? YES/NO
If your doctors agree that you are permanently unconscious will not recover, or in the last stages of a terminal illness, would you want life-sustaining measures withheld or withdrawn? YES/NO
MAKE NOTES BELOW ABOUT ANYTHING ELSE THAT YOU WANT TO DISCUSS WITH YOUR ATTORNEY.