

POLITICAL ACTIVITIES BY MEMBERS OF THE ARMED FORCES

1. **PURPOSE.** To provide information on what types of political activities are permitted and prohibited for active duty military members.

2. **REFERENCES.**

- a. 5 U.S.C. §§ 7321-7326 (“Hatch Act”)
- b. DoD Directive 1344.10, 19 Feb 08, Political Activities by Members of the Armed Forces
- c. DoD Directive 5500.7-R, Joint Ethics Regulation (JER), Chapter 6
- d. AR 600-20, Army Command Policy, Paragraph 5-3, Appendix B
- e. Article 88, Uniform Code of Military Justice (UCMJ)

3. **BOTTOM LINE.** While serving on active duty, certain political activities and types of speech are prohibited. Military personnel must refrain from participating in any activity while in uniform or while wearing any official insignia that may be prejudicial to the performance of military/government duties or is likely to bring discredit upon the Armed Forces. In addition, some activities that could be viewed as associating the Armed Forces directly or indirectly with a partisan political cause or candidate, although not expressly prohibited, must be avoided.

4. **DISCUSSION.** Active duty military members are encouraged to get involved in political activities and fulfill their obligations as United States citizens. However, certain political activities that create a real or apparent conflict of interest with their Federal employment are expressly prohibited. Adherence to the rules regarding political activities is of paramount importance, especially during Presidential election years when political partisanship is at its peak. Rules concerning individual involvement in political activities vary depending on whether the individual is on active military duty or a Federal civilian employee.

a. Military personnel on full-time duty in the active military service of the United States, including full-time or annual training duty, or attendance while in the active military service at a service school are considered active duty and must adhere to strict guidelines concerning political activities.

b. A list of permitted and prohibited political activities for military members is attached. In addition, commissioned officers shall not use contemptuous words as prohibited by Article 88 of the UCMJ or participate in activities proscribed by DoD Directive 5200.2, DoD Personnel Security Program, 9 Apr 99.

c. Catch-all Provision. Activities not expressly prohibited may be contrary to the spirit and intent of DoD Directive 1344.10. Any activity that may be reasonably viewed as directly or indirectly associating the Department of the Defense or any component of the Department with a partisan political activity or is otherwise contrary to the spirit and intention of the Directive shall be avoided.

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Military members on active duty are **PERMITTED** to engage in the following activities:

1. Register, vote, and express a personal opinion on political candidates and issues, but not as a representative of the Armed Forces.
2. Promote and encourage others to exercise their voting rights, if such promotion does not constitute use of their official authority or influence to interfere with the outcome of any election.
3. Join a partisan or nonpartisan political club and attend its meetings when **not** in uniform (one may not serve in any official capacity with a partisan political club or be listed as a sponsor of a partisan political club).
4. Serve as an election official, if such service is not as a representative of a partisan political party, does not interfere with the performance of military duties, is performed when not in uniform, and the SECARMY has given prior approval.
5. Sign a petition for a specific legislative action or a petition to place a candidate's name on an official election ballot, if the signing does not obligate the member to engage in partisan political activity and is done as a private citizen and not as a representative of the Armed Forces.
6. Write a letter to the editor of a newspaper expressing one's personal views on public issues or political candidates, if such action is **not** part of an organized letter-writing campaign or a solicitation of votes for or against a political party or partisan political cause or candidate. If the letter identifies the active duty member (or if the member is otherwise reasonably identifiable as a member of the Armed Forces), the letter should clearly state that the views expressed are those of the individual only and not those of the Department of Defense.
7. Make monetary contributions to a political organization, party, or committee favoring a particular candidate or slate of candidates.*
8. Display a political bumper sticker on the military member's private vehicle.
9. Attend partisan and nonpartisan political fundraising activities, meetings, rallies, debates, conventions, or activities as a spectator when **not** in uniform and when no inference or appearance of official sponsorship, approval, or endorsement can reasonably be drawn.
10. Participate fully in the Federal Voting Assistance Program.

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Military members on active duty are **PROHIBITED** from engaging in the following activities:

1. Participate in partisan political fundraising activities (except as permitted in #7 on the above list of permissible activities), rallies, conventions (including making speeches in the course thereof), management of campaigns or debates, either on one's own behalf or on that of another, without respect to uniform or interference or appearance of official sponsorship, approval, or endorsement. Participation includes more than mere attendance as a spectator.
2. Use official authority or influence to interfere with an election, affect the course or outcome of an election, solicit votes for a particular candidate or issue, or solicit political contributions from others.
3. Allow or cause to be published partisan political articles, letters, or endorsements signed or written by the member that solicits votes for or against a partisan political party, candidate, or cause. (This includes using official e-mail to generate or forward messages that tend to encourage others to support or oppose a particular political candidate.) (This is distinguished from a letter to the editor as permitted under #6 on the above list of permissible activities.)
4. Serve in any official capacity with or be listed as a sponsor of a partisan political club.
5. Speak before a partisan political gathering, including any gathering that promotes a partisan political party, candidate, or cause.
6. Participate in any radio, television, or other program or group discussion as an advocate for or against a partisan political party, candidate, or cause.
7. Conduct a political opinion survey under the auspices of a partisan political club or group or distribute partisan political literature.
8. Perform clerical or other duties for a partisan political committee or candidate during a campaign, on an election day, or after an election day during the process of closing out a campaign.
9. Solicit or otherwise engage in fundraising activities in Federal offices or facilities, including military installations, for any political cause or candidate.
10. March or ride in a partisan political parade.
11. Display a large political sign, banner, or poster (as distinguished from a bumper sticker) on a POV.

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12. Display a partisan political sign, poster, banner, or similar device visible to the public at one's residence on a military installation, even if that residence is part of a privatized housing development.

13. Participate in any organized effort to provide voters with transportation to the polls if the effort is organized by or associated with a partisan political party, cause, or candidate.

14. Sell tickets for or otherwise actively promote partisan political dinners and similar fundraising events.

15. Attend partisan political events as an official representative of the Armed Forces, except as a member of a joint Armed Forces color guard at the opening ceremonies of the national conventions of the Republican, Democratic, or other political parties recognized by the Federal Elections Committee or as otherwise authorized by the SECARMY.

16. Make a campaign contribution to, or receive or solicit (on one's own behalf) a campaign contribution from any other member of the Armed Forces on active duty.*

*Any contributions not prohibited by this subparagraph remain subject to the give provisions of sections 2635.301-304 of Title 5, Code of Federal Regulations.