

Department of the Army Retirement Planning Informational Briefing

Army Retirement Services Office
9 November 2021



Purpose

To provide an overview of the planning needed to prepare for retirement.



NOTE: This briefing is <u>not</u> designed to replace the Army Retirement Planning Seminar provided by Retirement Services Officers!



Army Retirement Services

Retirement is a <u>process</u>, not an <u>event!</u>

Retirement Planning Policy

Your mission has changed, but your duty has not!

Post-Retirement Policy



RETIRED SOLDIER HANDBOOK

RETIRED SOLDIER HA

Active Army99,004

ARNG

<u>USAR</u>

45,563

41,356

1,000,992

Retired

Soldiers

Surviving Spouses

25,3,021

FY21: 26,217 Soldiers retired

FY20: \$22.5B in retired and annuitant pay



The Army Retirement Services Website





























Change of Mission

 U.S. Army's official retirement planning newsletter for Soldiers in all three components with 17+ years of service

 Published via myPay SmartDoc in Jan, Apr, Jul and Oct

 Sent to 186K Soldiers quarterly. If you didn't receive it, check your email address in myPay



Available at https://soldierforlife.army.mil/retirement/change-of-mission





Throughout Your Retirement Planning

- Gather and study information needed to make critical retirement decisions
- Discuss the information with your <u>Family</u>



The Retirement Planning Timeline



- Gather resources
- Retire where?
- Retire when?
- Determine service providers
- Create major decision timeline
- Plan to work? School?
- Consider credentialing & internships
- Start transition savings fund



2022 U.S. Army Retirement **Planning Guide**



24-18 months

- PCS move before retirement?
- Required service obligations?
- Retired pay estimate
- Attend Army TAP
- Attend Mandatory Retirement Planning Seminar

12-6 months

- Apply for retirement
- Preseparation transition checklist

The Survivor

Benefit 2

- Start active job search
- Finalize Transition Administrative Absence & terminal leave plan Interview/post-retirement wardrobe purchases

- Retirement physical

- Survivor Benefit Plan election

- Change myPay email
- Schedule final move
- House-hunting

6 months

to 1 month

- BRS lump sum application
- Terminal leave & Administrative Absence
- Hand over job responsibilities
- Apply for VA disability compensation

Retirement month

(if not already done)

- Retirement ceremony
- Outprocessing/DD 214
- Get medical records
- HHG move
- Will/POA update

18-12 months

- Medical/dental care catch up
- College applications?
- Start employment networking
- SBP and life insurance
- Investigate healthcare options

0-6 months after

- New ID cards
- Apply for TRICARE
- New job starts
- VGLI?
- CRSC?





Army Transition Assistance Program (TAP)

You may initiate the Army TAP process
 24 months before retirement.



- You **MUST** begin the Army TAP process and complete the mandatory Pre-Separation Counseling no later than 365 days before your effective retirement date.
- Soldiers need an average of 40 hours, spread over a 12-24 month period of time, to take advantage of Army TAP services.
- Consists of:
 - Pre-separation counseling
 - Job assistance workshops
 - Individual counseling
 - Job search resources



Army TAP Home Page: https://www.armytap.army.mil/



DoD Skillbridge Program and Army Career Skills Program



- The DoD SkillBridge Program is an opportunity for service members to gain valuable civilian work experience through specific industry training, apprenticeships, or internships during the last 180 days of service. Service members participating in SkillBridge receive their military compensation and benefits, and industry partners provide the training and work experience. https://skillbridge.osd.mil/
- The Army Career Skills Program (CSP) affords transitioning service members the opportunity to participate in employment skills training (EST), on-the-job training (OJT), pre-apprenticeships and internships with a high probability of employment in high-demand and highly-skills jobs. Participation must occur within the last 180 days of military service, with an honorable discharge.

https://home.army.mil/imcom/index.php/customers/career-skills-program



180-Day Restriction on Hiring Retired Military

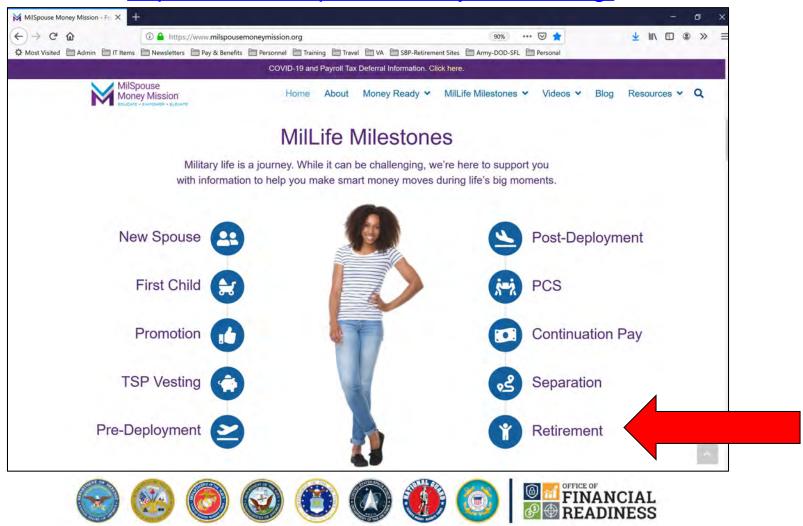
How does the 180-Day Restriction on Hiring Retired Military Impact Me?

- The Department of Defense (DoD) has restrictions on hiring military members for DoD Federal civilian positions within 180 days of retirement. This includes and impacts military members on transition leave.
- Military retirees may not be appointed within 180 days after the effective date of military retirement as an appropriated fund (GS), or nonappropriated fund (NAF) civilian employee unless the position is covered by a special salary.
- The 180-day restriction is in place unless the hiring official requests and receives an approved waiver.



MilSpouse Money Mission

https://www.milspousemoneymission.org/



The DoD does not endorse any private organization or entity.

MilSpouse Money Mission™:Our mission is to educate and empower military spouses to elevate their families by making smart money moves.



Mandatory Retirement Planning Seminar topics

- RSO Program
- Retired Pay & Taxes
- Cost of Living Adjustments
- Terminal Leave & Transition
 Administrative Absence*
- Uniformed Services Former Spouses' Protection Act
- SGLI → VGLI
- Shipment of Household Goods
- Post-Service Employment and Ethics
- Space-A Travel

- ID Cards
- Combat-Related Special Compensation (CRSC)
- Concurrent Retirement and Disability Pay (CRDP)
- Retiree Mobilization
- Survivor Benefit Plan (SBP)
- MyArmyBenefits
- Staying Connected to the Army
- VA Benefits
- TRICARE
- Social Security

The Army Transition Assistance Program is a <u>separate</u> program for <u>all</u> Soldiers leaving the Army



^{*} Formerly known as Transition Leave and Permissive TDY (PTDY)



Mandatory Retirement Planning Seminar

Due to COVID-19 Restrictions, in-person Mandatory Retirement Planning Seminars are not currently available. IAW ALARACT 093/2020, the briefing is currently available online at https://soldierforlife.army.mil/Retirement/retirement-planning

<u>NOTE</u>: Contact your serving Retirement Services Officer (RSO) to determine their method of delivery (i.e. virtual briefings via MS Teams, via the presentation available on our page, etc.). RSO locator is available at https://soldierforlife.army.mil/Retirement/rso

You should plan on completing the Mandatory Retirement Planning Seminar 24 months prior to retirement. There is a lot of information available at the link listed above that you will find extremely useful, to include a Retirement Planning Guide as well as slides, brochures and useful links.



Reserve Component Mandatory Retirement Planning Seminar

- Due to COVID-19, the USAR Retirement Seminars are being conducted virtually
- Soldiers with 18 or more years toward non-regular retirement, those in receipt of a 15 year Notification of Eligibility (NOE), Gray Area Retired Soldiers, and their families should attend
- Briefing includes Retirement Points, RCSBP/SBP, Retired Pay Application, VA, TRICARE, Federal Employees Dental and Vision Insurance Program (FEDVIP), ID/DEERS, MyArmyBenefits (other community partners i.e. SSA) to provide Soldiers with education and counseling to make informed decisions related to retirement
- Held in largest target population cities (USAR) and at the JFHQs (ARNG)
- Held on Saturdays with a minimum of 12 Seminars per RSC per year (USAR).
 Contact applicable State RSO for briefing dates (ARNG)

Soldier For Life, Preparing to Retire: https://soldierforlife.army.mil/retirement/preparing-to-retire

USAR Retirements: https://www.usar.army.mil/Retirement/

ARNG Retirements: https://www.milsuite.mil/book/groups/arng-hrp-t-retirement-

services/pages/retirement-services



Retirement Considerations

Retirement date

- Always the 1st day of the month for length-of-service retirements
- Can be any day of the month for disability retirements
- Active duty service obligation
 due to promotion, PCS, completion of military or civilian schooling, etc.
- Transfer of the Post-9/11 GI Bill
 Service obligation incurred upon transferring Post-9/11 GI Bill benefits to a dependent is not an ADSO, therefore it may not be waived.
- Reassigned on a PCS
 must complete ADSO requirements to retire (Enlisted AR 635-200, or Officer AR 350–100)
- In lieu of PCS

apply within 30 calendar days of alert for a retirement date no more than 6 months (Officer) or 12 months (or the first day of the month after attaining 20 years AFS, whichever is later, [Enlisted]) from the date of the PCS alert. (see AR 350–100/AR 600-8-24 [Officer] or AR 635-200 [Enlisted])



Transferring your Post 9/11 GI Bill

(https://milconnect.dmdc.osd.mil/milconnect/)

- Since 1 August 2013, Soldiers who transfer Post-9/11 GI Bill education benefits to their dependents incur a 4-year service obligation.
- If you retire without completing your service obligation, you will incur a debt.



For more information go to the HRC GI Bill Programs page at https://www.hrc.army.mil/content/GI%20Bill%20Programs



Applying for Active Duty Length of Service Retirement

How

- Officer Chapter 6, AR 600-8-24
- Enlisted Chapter 12, AR 635-200

When

- Maximum: 12 months before desired retirement date

- Minimum: Officers – 9 months before start date of terminal leave

Enlisted – 9 months before retirement date

Where

- General Officers: Notify GOMO at (703) 697-7994/9466 (DSN 227)
- COL & LTC (P): Notify Colonels Management Office at (703) 602-8529 (DSN 332)
- JAG Retirements (703) 545-2028
- Chaplain Retirements (571) 256-8764
- Army National Guard: State AGR Office (T32); Human Capital Management (T10)
- All others: Local Military Personnel Office

Commander, HRC is the retirement authority for officers with 20-30 years of service and SSG(P) and above not retiring at RCP.





Non-Regular Retirement

• Retirement eligibility

- 20 years of creditable service for a length of service retirement
- 15 years of creditable service for a medical retirement
- If you completed 20 years of service before 25 April 2005, you will have a reserve component service requirement
- Retirement Points = Retired Pay: verify yours are correct now!

• Reduced Age Retirement

- Eligibility age reduced below age 60, in 90-day increments, for qualifying periods of service within a fiscal year on or after 29 January 2008. Effective 1 October 2014, 90-day increments CAN cross fiscal year boundaries.
- May not be reduced below age 50.
- The MyArmyBenefits retirement calculator automatically pulls your points from iTAPDB



15 or 20 Year Notification of Eligibility (NOE) for Non-Regular Retirement

- RC Soldiers who complete the eligibility requirements under T10 USC section 12731a, will be notified in writing within 1 year after completion of required service
- RC Soldiers who complete 20 years of qualifying service will be issued the Notification of Eligibility (NOE) for Retired Pay at Age 60 (20-year letter). A 20 Year NOE is not provided to Soldier's who are past age 59
- RC Soldiers who complete at least 15, but less than 20 years of qualifying service will be issued the 15-year NOE (Only Soldiers deemed unfit for continued Selected Reserve service)
- USAR Soldiers can view and print a personal copy of their DA Form 5016 by logging into the My Record Portal at https://www.hrcapps.army.mil/portal/.
- ARNG Soldiers should email their applicable state RPAM rep for NOE requests, refer to the POC directory at https://www.milsuite.mil/book/docs/DOC-396107



Non-Regular Retirement Application

- Eligible Soldiers may request retirement applications by contacting HRC or by downloading the application from the HRC website at https://www.hrc.army.mil/content/Gray%20Area%20Retirements%20Branch
- Submit no earlier than 9 months and no later than 90 days prior to retirement date to ensure payment in a timely manner.
- The application packet contains DD Forms 108 and 2656, instructions, current retirement point pay value matrix, and a return envelope.
- Methods for submitting the completed application are:
 - Email: <u>usarmy.knox.hrc.mbx.tagd-ask-hrc@army.mil</u> (Preferred)
 - Fax: 502-613-8950
 - Mail: Department of the Army

Human Resources Command

ATTN: TAGD (AHRC-PDP-TR)

1600 Spearhead Division Avenue Dept. 482

Ft. Knox, KY 40122-5402





Calculate Your Retired Pay in 3 Steps

Step 1: Determine your <u>Date</u> of <u>Initial Entry into Military Service</u> (DIEMS). **This is the date of your initial service contract. This date does not change regardless of breaks in service or changes in duty status.

Step 2: Determine which pay plan you are eligible for based on your DIEMS date

Step 3: Use the appropriate formula to calculate your retired pay

Where to validate your DIEMS

The brigade/installation Personnel Automation Section POC can correct DIEMS dates.

The local finance office will correct the Defense Joint Military System.

Once a Soldier's DIEMS can be verified, the changes will be reflected on the ERB/LES.

For a fast, personalized retired pay calculation, go to https://myarmybenefits.us.army.mil/Benefit-Calculators/ and click on the retirement calculator



Retired Pay Plans

Retirement Plan	DIEMS		
Final Basic Pay Plan	Drier to Contember 9, 1000		
(Years of creditable service x 2.5%) x Final Basic Pay	Prior to September 8, 1980		
High-36 Pay Plan	Between September 8,1980 and July 31, 1986		
(Years of creditable service x 2.5%) x average of highest 36 months basic pay			
 High-36 Pay Plan (calculation above) ~OR~ Career Status Bonus* (CSB)/REDUX Pay Plan (if you declined CSB, you are automatically High-36) 			
REDUX: (Years of creditable service x 2.5%) minus 1% for each year < 30 years x average of highest 36 months of basic pay	Between August 1, 1986 and December 31, 2017		
* CSB no longer available as of 31 DEC 17			
Blended Retirement System (BRS)	January 1, 2018 or later, or		
(Years of creditable service x 2%) x average of highest 36 months basic pay	opted-in during the opt-in period		

NOTE: Credit for all full months served (All). CSB/REDUX receives COLA minus 1%; one-time catch-up COLA at age 62; then COLA minus 1% after age 62. All other Retired Pay Plans receive Full COLAs



MyArmyBenefits

Featuring a personalized Retirement Calculator!!



Benefit Library

- Federal Fact Sheets
- State and Territory Benefits Fact Sheets
- Resource Locators

Benefit Calculators

- Retirement
- Survivor Benefits
- Deployment Calculator

Casualty Operations Special Module

Survivor Benefits Report

Benefits Help Desk Operations

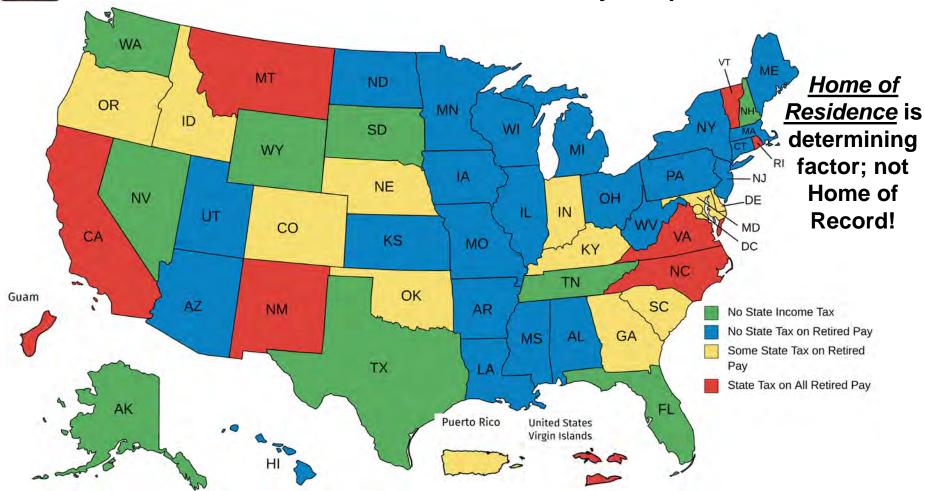
https://myarmybenefits.us.army.mil

Benefit Calculators link directly to DEERS information through CAC or DS Logon.

II C ADMY

Taxes*

Federal taxes are due on all retired military compensation



You pay NO Social Security or Medicare tax on retired pay. You'll collect full Social Security benefits when you reach the age of eligibility!

^{*}State taxes as of 9 Nov 21. Conditions or limitations apply. Check state law. See the MyArmyBenefits state fact sheets at https://myarmybenefits.us.army.mil/Home/Benefit_Library/State_Territory_Benefits.html for details.



Retirement Physical

- The Army requires a Separation History and Physical Exam (SHPE) prior to retirement
- Physical exams performed by the DoD are valid for up to 12 months before the date of retirement*
- Your last record of active duty health
- Assists with claim for VA service-connected disability
- Most sites now provide combined Service and VA retirement physicals

Use the results of your retirement physical to apply for VA disability benefits under the:

- Benefits Delivery at Discharge (BDD) Program (90-180 days left)
- Fully Developed or Standard Claim (1-89 days left)

VA goal is to start disability payments within 60 -120 days of retirement. Visit the VA web site at https://www.va.gov/disability/how-to-file-claim/when-to-file/pre-discharge-claim/#ways-to-file or call 1-800-827-1000

^{*} DA PAM 40-502

U.S.ARMY

SHPE Timeline

- A SHPE up to 30 days prior to the date of retirement requires no further documentation.
- Physical exams conducted up to 90 days prior to the date of retirement must be validated as current not more than 30 days* before retirement. Such validation is an administrative requirement.
- Physical exams performed by the VA can be conducted up to 180 days prior to the date of retirement. Physical exams must be administratively validated as current no more than 30 days* prior to the retirement date.
- Physical exams may be performed by the DoD up to 12 months before the date of retirement, but must be updated with a new medical assessment no more than 30 days* prior to the date of retirement.

*No more than 30 days prior to retirement, there must be an administrative review and validation of the qualifying SHPE by completing block 85 on the DD Form 2808. When the Soldier has terminal leave, the final out-processing date may be used in lieu of the date of retirement for the timeline requirements (other than the 12-month period).



VA Compensation for Service-Connected Disability

VA rates disabilities 0% - 100%

- Each % has an assigned dollar amount
- Basic rates effective 1 December 2020 (Veteran only): from \$144.14 (10%) to \$3146.42 (100%), (30% & higher = Extra dependent allowance)
- Tax free payments
- For Retired Soldiers <50% disabled, disability pay offsets military retired pay dollar for dollar
- Free VA medical care for service-connected conditions
- 0% rating means a condition is service connected, but is not severe enough to merit disability pay

https://www.benefits.va.gov/compensation/types-compensation.asp



CRSC & CRDP Comparison

Combat Related Special Compensation	Concurrent Retirement and Disability Pay
Combat related disabilities	Service connected disabilities
Armed conflict (e.g. wounds)	Retired pay that would have been waived by
Simulated combat (e.g. FTX)	the Soldier in order to receive disability pay is restored (i.e., no \$ for \$ off-set of retired pay)
Hazardous service (e.g. parachute duty)	
Instrumentalities of war (e.g. combat vehicles)	
10%-100% disability rating (combat related)	50%-100% disability rating (service connected)
Not taxable; not divisible in divorce	Taxable; divisible in divorce
Receiving retired pay	Qualified retiree*
Must apply to HRC	Automatic; no application required
https://www.hrc.army.mil/TAGD/Apply%20for% 20CRSC	https://www.dfas.mil/retiredmilitary/disability/cr dp.html

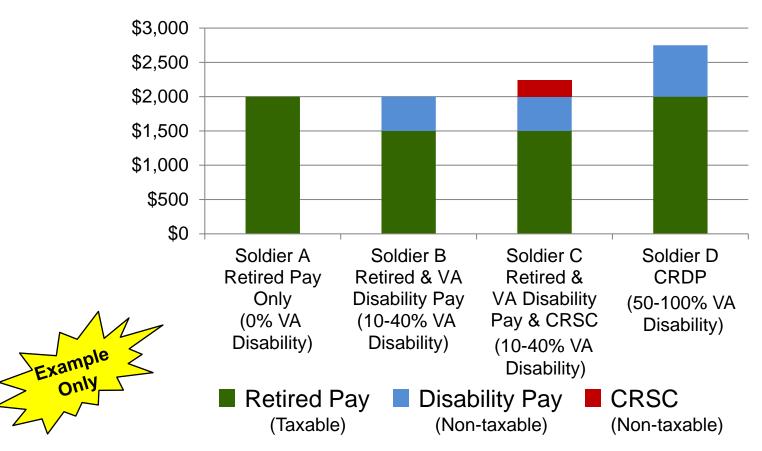
^{*}A member or former member of the uniformed services who is entitled for any month to retired pay is a qualified retiree. (Special Rules for Chapter 61 Disability Retirees)



Retirement and Disability Payments

Tying It All Together

Retired pay is reduced dollar-for-dollar by VA Disability Pay unless the Soldier qualifies for Concurrent Retirement and Disability Pay (CRDP)



NOTE: Example depicts four Soldiers retired at the same pay grade and years of service



Healthcare Decisions. . .

See https://www.tricare.mil for more details

When On Active Duty



- you are enrolled in TRICARE Prime and pay no fees
- your family members pay no enrollment fees, but must choose a TRICARE option and apply for enrollment in TRICARE Prime
- When You Retire. **You must reenroll within 90 days of your retirement date to avoid a lapse in coverage.**
 - TRICARE Prime Managed care option. MTFs are principal source of health care (100% covered)
 - Annual fee is \$606 per family or \$303 per individual plus co-pays for treatment at non-MTF TRICARE network providers.
 - TRICARE Select Fee for Service Plan. Schedule appointments with any TRICARE authorized provider.
 - ❖ Annual fee (\$300/family, \$150/individual), plus copays and cost shares based on the type of care and type of provider you see. Deductible of \$150 (individual), no more than \$300 per family.
 - TRICARE Young Adult for children between ages 23 and 26
 - Not subsidized. Premiums are \$459 per month (Prime) or \$257 per month (Select), plus copays and cost shares.
 NOTE: Group A rates reflected

Healthcare Decisions . . .

US Family Health Plan

- Began as US Public Health Service hospitals
- TRICARE Prime Option for Retired Soldiers and eligible family members up to age 65.
- https://www.usfhp.com/ or (800) 748-7347
- The annual fee is \$606 per family or \$303 per individual



Department of Veterans Affairs

 Vets separated under any condition other than dishonorable including Army Reserves or Army National Guard called to active duty by a federal order who completed the full period



- Some Vets may be required to pay a co-pay for treatment of their nonservice connected conditions. Private health insurance may reduce or eliminate the co-pay.
- Most Vets must complete a financial assessment at time of enrollment
- https://www.va.gov/health/ or 1-877-222-VETS (8387)



TRICARE Coverage - Retired RC Soldiers

Retired Reserve Coverage Timeline

Under age 60	60	61	62	63	64	Age 65+
Gray Area Retired Soldiers May qualify to purchase TRICARE Retired Reserve	Eligible for TRICARE Select TRICARE Prime or US Family Health Plan (where available)				Begin TRICARE For Life	

Note: TRICARE Standard and TRICARE Extra plans transitioned to TRICARE Select. Retired members will need to choose between TRICARE Select, TRICARE Prime, or US Family Health Plan

For information and assistance: https://tricare.mil/Plans/HealthPlans



Federal Employee Dental and Vision Insurance Program (FEDVIP)

- FEDVIP offers supplemental vision coverage to those enrolled in a TRICARE health plan
- There are 12 dental and 5 vision carriers to choose from
 - FEDVIP also offers national and international plans, with some plans featuring both high and standard options
- Retiring service members can enroll in a FEDVIP dental and/or vision plan between 31 days prior to their military retirement date and up to 60 days following
 - To prevent a gap in coverage between your active duty or reserve plan and your new FEDVIP plan, you must enroll prior to your military retirement date
- BENEFEDS is the online portal that you can use to research, enroll in, and manage your FEDVIP coverage

Visit https://www.benefeds.com/military for more information



The Federal Long Term Care Insurance Program (FLTCIP)

Who is eligible?

- Active and retired members of the uniformed services and their spouses or domestic partners
- Qualified relatives can also apply, even if you don't, including:
 - Parents, parents-in-law, and stepparents of living <u>active members of the uniformed</u> <u>services</u>; parents of retirees are <u>not</u> eligible

Why the FLTCIP?

- Long term care (LTC) can be expensive, and it is generally not covered by TRICARE,
 TRICARE For Life, or Medicare
 - VA benefits may cover LTC, but coverage is based on available funding and is limited to those with service-connected disabilities
- The FLTCIP reimburses for qualified LTC services and can lessen or eliminate reliance on loved ones
- The FLTCIP can also help to protect your pension, savings, or other investments from being exhausted by LTC costs

Apply today

- Premiums are based on your age at the time of application
- Certain medical conditions, or combinations of conditions, will prevent some people from being approved for coverage. You need to apply to find out if you qualify for coverage under the FLTCIP.
- Visit LTCFEDS.com for more information or call 1-800-LTC-FEDS (1-800-582-3337)
 TTY 1-800-843-3557

The **Federal** Long Term Care Insurance Program"



The Survivor Benefit Plan

RETIRED PAY <u>STOPS</u> WHEN THE RETIRED SOLDIER DIES!

The Survivor Benefit Plan Decision is:

- A <u>critically important</u> part of retirement planning for you and your Family!
- A <u>financial foundation</u> for your retirement.

In FY20, 82% of Retiring Soldiers took SBP



https://soldierforlife.army.mil/retirement/survivor-benefit-plan



SBP Elections. . .

- Must be made <u>before</u> retirement
- Are generally irrevocable, but <u>may</u> be cancelled with spouse's concurrence between months 25-36 following retirement
- Spouse concurrence is required **by law** if Soldier elects less than maximum SBP coverage for his/her spouse unless the election is for former spouse



SBP Election Categories

1. Spouse Only

4. Former Spouse

2. Spouse & Children

5. Former Spouse and Child

3. Children Only

6. Insurable Interest

NOTE 1: Soldiers with no beneficiaries at retirement can elect to cover a new beneficiary within one year of gaining the beneficiary by notifying DFAS.

NOTE 2: Former Spouse provisions:

- May be elected voluntarily, as a result of a court order in divorce; or a written agreement
- May convert to spouse coverage upon the death of the former spouse





SBP Details

Cost

Benefit

Inflation protected monthly annuity

*Spouse annuity paid until death

**Child annuity until 18 or 22 unmarried student

Premiums paid only when there's an eligible beneficiary

*NOTE: If spouse remarries prior to age 55, annuity is suspended. If remarriage ends, annuity can be reinstated.

**NOTE: A totally incapacitated child may be eligible to receive the annuity for life



Monthly Premium

NOTE: Base amount = \$300 up to full retired pay per month





Reserve Component Survivor Benefit Plan

- Prior to 1 January 2001, Soldiers who failed to make an election for RCSBP within 90 days of receipt of their 20 Year NOE were automatically prevented from enrolling until age 60.
- From 1 January 2001 to present, Soldiers with eligible dependents who fail to respond to the offer of RCSBP enrollment are automatically enrolled in RCSBP under option C (immediate coverage) for spouse and child.
- RCSBP information is mailed to Soldier with the 20-year letter.
 - Option A declined coverage until non-regular retirement
 - Option B annuity is paid when the Soldier would have reached age
 60 if death occurs prior to non-regular retirement
 - Option C annuity is paid immediately if death occurs prior to non-regular retirement

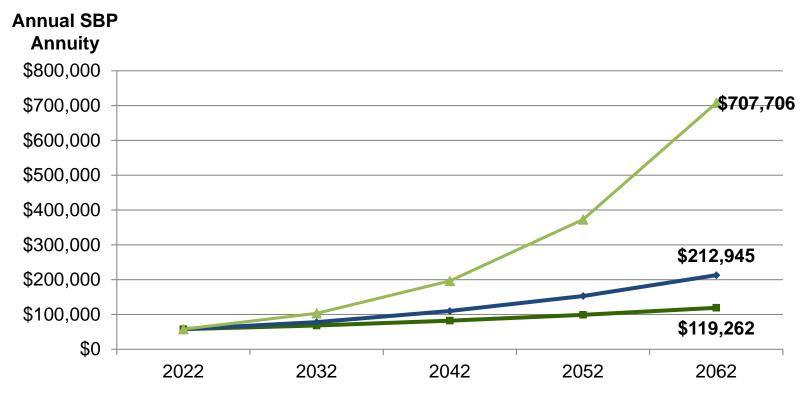
Note: Your RCSBP election becomes your SBP election when you apply for your retired pay.





SBP Cost of Living Adjustments (COLA)

The effects of COLA on SBP over 40 years for a CSM who retires in 2021 with a \$8,753 SBP base amount and then dies on 1 JAN 2022.



You pay in today's dollars for an SBP annuity paid in future dollars

- 1.7% COLA represents low inflation
- 3.05% COLA** represents inflation average over previous 40 years
- 5.9% COLA represents inflation for 2022

All calculations are before tax dollars made using DOD Office of the Actuary tables ** SOURCE: US Dept. of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics



Spouse SBP Premium Payback Period

Based on a 2% long term COLA

SBP Premiums Paid	Premium Payback Period
5 years	8 months
10 years	1 year, 2 months
15 years	1 year, 8 months
20 years	2 year, 1 month
25 years	2 years, 5 months
*30 years	2 years, 8 months

*No further cost after 360 premium payments (30 years) and age 70

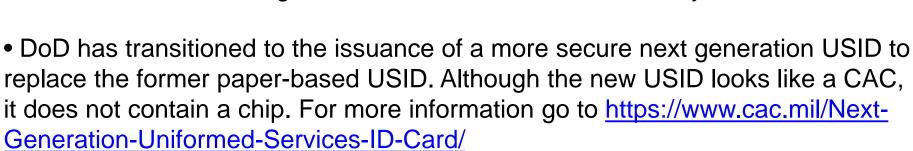
SOURCE: DOD Actuary





Impact of ID Card Changes at Retirement

- Soldier turns in Common Access Card (CAC)
- The Retired Uniformed Services ID (USID) card is not a CAC, so...
 - No access to DOD Enterprise Email
 - No access to CAC-enabled systems
 - Must change myPay account to commercial email
 - Must obtain DS Logon Account to access records and systems



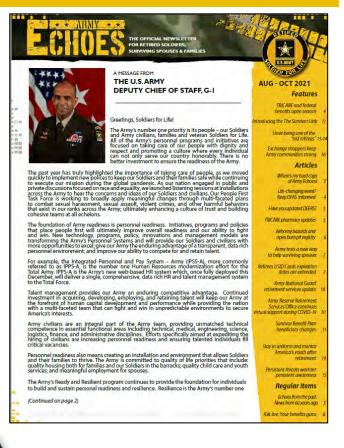
DS Logon: Request an account online at https://www.dmdc.osd.mil/identitymanagement or visit an ID Card facility or VA Regional Office





Army Echoes

- The Army's official newsletter for Retired Soldiers
- Delivered electronically to your email address in myPay
- Change your email address in myPay to a commercial email address before you retire!
- iPhone & Android phone apps



 Read the Army Echoes Blog to receive frequent news between editions at https://soldierforlife.army.mil/retirement/blog



How will they know you? Conversation starters

Soldier for Life Window Sticker (DA Label 180 & DA Label 180-1)









Retirement Services Officers (RSO)

Every retiring/Retired Soldier and Family <u>WORLDWIDE</u> is supported by an RSO who gives Retirement Planning briefings and answers questions one on one. (NOTE: Briefings are being held virtually due to COVID. Refer to slides 12 and 13 for additional information.)

Joint Base Myer-Henderson Hall Retirement Planning Briefing: The briefings are held in the community center, bldg. 405, on the 1st Tuesday of each month, from 0800-1200. RSO contact information (703) 696-5948, email usarmy.jbmhh.asa.mbx.hrd-rso@mail.mil

Fort Belvoir Retirement Planning Briefing: The briefings are conducted on the 1st or 2nd Wednesday of every OTHER month, at the Barden Education Center (Bldg 1017), 0800-1230. RSO contact information (703) 806-4551/4084, email usarmy.belvoir.imcom.mbx.rso@mail.mil, to verify the date and register.

Fort Meade Retirement Planning Briefing: The briefings are held on the 2nd Thursday of each month at the Max J. Beilke Building, 2234 Huber Rd, Ft. Meade, MD, in classroom 4. Reservations are required (check the website at https://home.army.mil/meade/index.php/about/Garrison/directorate-human-resources/military-personnel-division/sfl-rso). RSO contact information (301) 677-9434/9600, email armyrsomeade@mail.mil



Where Do You Find Retirement Information?

- Army G-1 Retirement Services Office Homepage https://soldierforlife.army.mil/Retirement
 - DA Retirement Planning Guide
 - USAR & ARNG Non-Regular Retirement Guides
 - DA Survivor Benefit Plan (SBP) Briefing
- MyArmyBenefits at https://myarmybenefits.us.army.mil/
- Army Installation Retirement Services Officers (RSOs) https://soldierforlife.army.mil/Retirement/contact-us
- HRC Gray Area Retirements Branch <u>https://www.hrc.army.mil/content/Gray%20Area%20Retirements%20Branch</u>
- USAR Readiness Division RSOs listed at: https://soldierforlife.army.mil/Retirement/ArmyReserve
- State RSOs can assist National Guard Soldiers
 https://myarmybenefits.us.army.mil/Benefit-Library/Resource-Locator
- SBP vs. Life Insurance Comparison tool https://actuary.defense.gov/Survivor-Benefit-Plans/

U.S.ARMY

For more information

Army

https://soldierforlife.army.mil/Retirement

Air Force

https://www.retirees.af.mil/

Navy

https://www.mynavyhr.navy.mil/Career-Management/Retirement/

Marine Corps

https://www.manpower.usmc.mil/webcenter/portal/MRAHome

Coast Guard

https://www.dcms.uscg.mil/ppc/ras/



https://soldierforlife.army.mil/Retirement/army-echoes https://soldierforlife.army.mil/Retirement/blog







QUESTIONS?





Thank you for your service!!