Phantom Justice: June 2023

CG-Level Separations

A PV1 was separated under Chapter 14-12c with a General discharge for the wrongful appropriation of government funds.

A CPT was discharged with an Honorable characterization of service for DWI.

z

Courts-Martial

On 1 June 2023, at a general court-martial convened at Fort Cavazos, Texas, SSG David L. Hunter, United States Army, was convicted by a military judge, pursuant to his plea, of one specification of negligent homicide in violation of Article 134, UCMJ. The military judge sentenced the accused to be confined for 9 months and to be discharged from the service with a dishonorable discharge. The sentence was consistent with the terms of a plea agreement.

III Corps Military Justice Actions:

- DWI GOMORs: 6
- Misconduct GOMORs: 2
- Article 15s: 30
- DV Administrative Separations: 0
- Sex Crimes Administrative Separations: 0
- Sex Crimes Courts-Martial: 0
- Total Courts-Martial: 1

NOTE: Soldiers being separated administratively may receive one of three characterizations of service: Honorable, General, or Other Than Honorable (OTH). Anything less than an Honorable discharge may result in the loss of certain benefits and negatively affect employment and educational opportunities. References to "Chapter 14-12c" are to specific provisions within Army Regulation 635-200, Active Duty Enlisted Administrative Separations, related to separation for commission of a serious offense.

NOTE: Cases involving Soldiers accused of committing sexual assault or sexual contact offenses may be disposed of through the administrative separation process for a number of reasons. For example, survivors sometimes prefer the administrative separation process over participating in a court-martial.

NOTE: Officer eliminations are approved at Human Resources Command, whereas enlisted separations are approved at the local installation.

NOTE: A Chapter 10 is an administrative separation in lieu of trial by court martial.