AIRBORNE URANIUM MONITORING U. S. ARMY POHAKULOA TRAINING AREA ISLAND OF HAWAII

Summary Report - November 2009

Contract No. W9128A-04-D-0019 Task Order 0040

Prepared for

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ACRONYMS AND ABBREVIATIONS

ATSDR Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry

EPA U. S. Environmental Protection Agency

ICP-MS inductively coupled mass spectrometry

IDL instrument detection limit

lpm liters per minute

μg micrograms

μg/m³ micrograms per cubic meter

MRL minimal risk level

N number of samples

ppm parts per million

PRL practical reporting limit

PTA Pohakuloa Training Area

TSP total suspended particulate matter

U uranium

uranium-238 isotope

uranium-234 isotope

²³⁵ U uranium-235 isotope

WHO World Health Organization

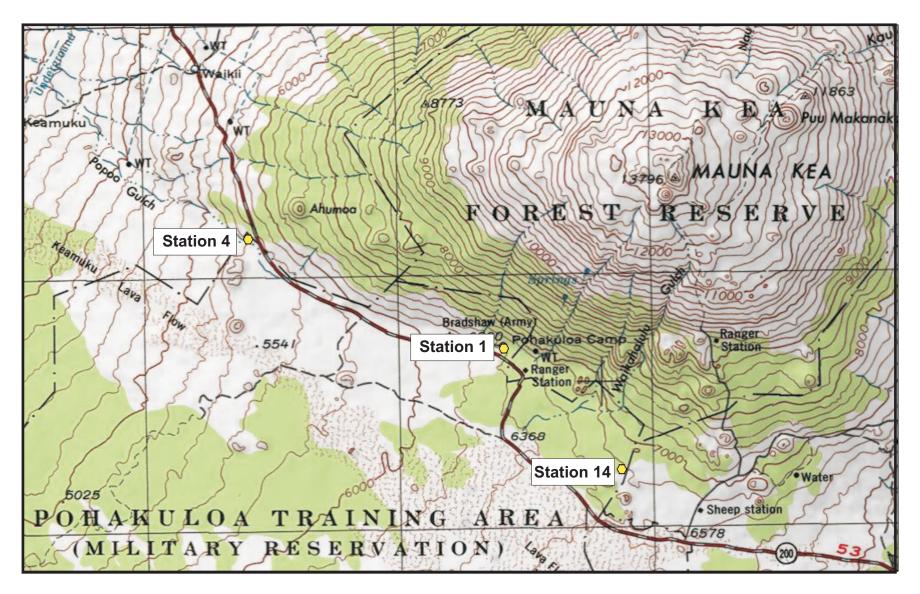
INTRODUCTION

An airborne uranium monitoring project at the U. S. Army's Pohakuloa Training Area (PTA) commenced on 4 February 2009. Portable samplers operating at a nominal 5 liters per minute (lpm) are located at three (3) sites on PTA (Figure 1). The samplers were originally set to collect total suspended particulate matter (TSP) from midnight to midnight on sample days. However, due to the very low uranium content of the TSP samples, the run time was increased to 72 hours on 19 Apr 09 and has continued at that rate in an effort to raise the collected uranium mass above the practical reporting level (PRL). Since there was no heavy weapons firing activity on PTA ranges during November, the 72-hour sampling periods were scheduled in accordance with EPA's published once-every-six-days schedule.

The 47-mm Teflon filters with the collected TSP are sent to laboratories for gravimetric and then uranium analysis. The analysis method for uranium is inductively coupled plasma - mass spectrometry (ICP-MS), a method capable of detecting uranium down to the picogram (10⁻¹² gram) level.

Fifteen (15) samples were collected and analyzed during November 2009, and the results are presented herein.

FIGURE 1
MONITORING SITES



RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

The analysis results for each of the three (3) monitoring stations are summarized in Table 1 and Figures 2 - 4. It should be noted that one of the sample runs was less than 72 hours, i.e., 60.6 hours, on 13 Nov 09 at Station 4.

The figures also indicate the World Health Organization (WHO) and U. S. Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry (ATSDR) guidelines for uranium exposure protection. The WHO guideline is an annual average while the ATSDR guideline is based on chronic exposure (365 days or longer) to highly soluble uranium compounds. The total airborne uranium concentrations found at PTA in November 2009 are well below both those health guidelines.

TABLE 1

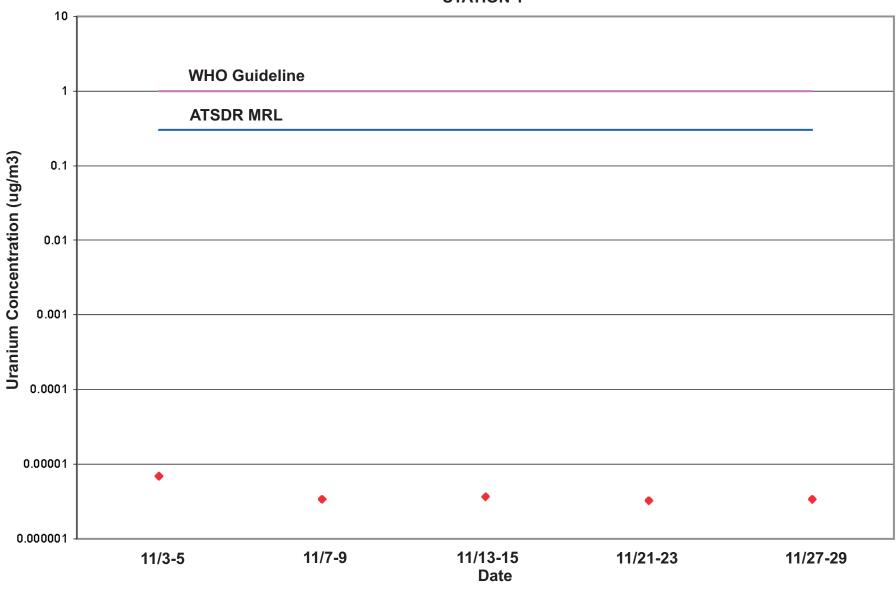
TSP & AIRBORNE URANIUM CONCENTRATIONS
NOVEMBER 2009

Station No.	N	TSP Range (μg/m³)	U Range* (µg/m³)	U Mean* (μg/m³)	ACTIVITY
1	5	2.8 - 10.8	0.000003 - 0.000006	0.000004	No heavy weapons activity
4	5	7.5 - 12.5	0.000003 - 0.000007	0.000004	No heavy weapons activity
14	5	1.6 - 2.6	0.000002 - 0.000003	0.000003	No heavy weapons activity

As was the case and noted in previous reports, the total uranium mass found on most filters in November was well above, i.e., in this data set 8 to 25 times, the laboratory's latest determined instrument detection level (IDL) for the ICP-MS method but below the practical reporting level (PRL) of 0.00025 microgram (μ g). None of the samples in this set were above the PRL. Uranium isotopes ²³⁴⁻U and ²³⁵⁻U were again undetectable.

The fact that most total uranium values continue to be detectable but <u>less than the PRL</u> remains significant from a public health perspective. At a nominal sampler flow rate of 5 lpm, the laboratory's PRL of 0.00025 microgram (µg) corresponds to a 24-hour airborne uranium concentration of 0.000035 µg/m³, a value several orders of magnitude below health effects guidelines.

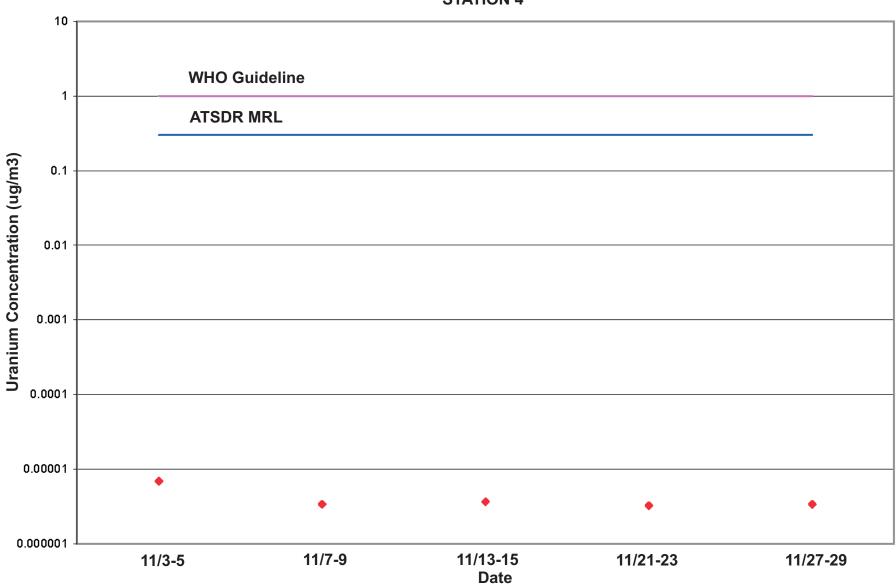
FIGURE 2
AIRBORNE URANIUM CONCENTRATIONS
STATION 1



6

FIGURE 3

AIRBORNE URANIUM CONCENTRATIONS
STATION 4



7

FIGURE 4

AIRBORNE URANIUM CONCENTRATIONS
STATION 14

