

### **Scoping Meeting on the Proposed Construction and Operation** of a Power Generation Plant at Schofield Barracks

The purpose of this meeting is to inform the public about an Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) that will be prepared for the proposed Schofield Generating Station Project (SGSP). The Army and Hawaiian Electric Company are seeking public comments on the scope and content of the areas of analysis within the EIS. Please sign in at the registration table so we have a record of attendance. You will be added to the project

- mailing list and receive future project updates.

- March 2, 2014.
  - 6:30 7:00 p.m.
  - 7:00 7:05 p.m.
  - 7:05 7:30 p.m.
  - 7:30 9:00 p.m.

# SCHOFIELD GENERATING STATION PROJECT ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT STATEMENT

### **ALOHA!**

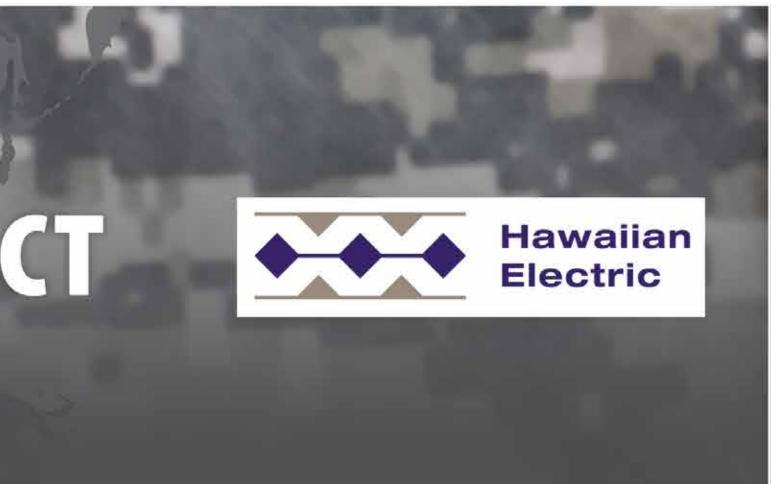
Please sign up on the Commenter Sheet also found on the registration table if you plan to provide formal oral comments after the presentation. Each commenter will be allowed 3 minutes to comment.

Please visit the displays around the room to learn more about the EIS process and the proposed project.

Forms for written comments are available at the registration table. Comments can be submitted through

### **Meeting Agenda**

Poster Viewing and Public Comment Collection Welcoming Remarks **Project Presentation** Oral Comments and Additional Comment Collection





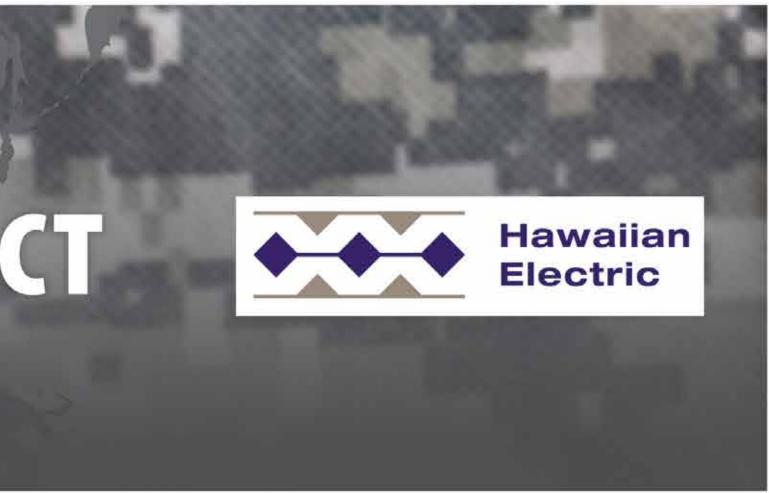
The proposed action is the granting of a lease and easement of Army land on Schofield Barracks, and granting of an easement and Conservation District Authorization to cross State land, to Hawaiian Electric Company for the construction, ownership, operation, and maintenance of a 50-megawatt (MW), biofuel-capable power generation plant (SGSP) and subtransmission line to connect the plant to the Hawaiian Electric Company grid.

For Hawaiian Electric Company, the SGSP would provide a quick-starting facility to help maintain grid stability and compensate for increasing demands on the network by new sources of power generation, such as wind and solar; provide a facility at a higher elevation and away from coastlines, which contributes to grid reliability and continuity if a natural disaster occurs; provide a physically secure facility on a military installation, contributing to grid continuity of operation in cases of a man-made threat; and make progress towards the State of Hawaii Renewable Portfolio Standards.

For the Army, the SGSP would provide an energy security service for three installations (Schofield Barracks, Wheeler Army Airfield, and Field Station Kunia) if loss of electricity service occurs from the normal sources of electricity supporting these installations. It would also contribute to the Army goals of producing renewable energy on Army-owned real property.

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### **Proposed Action**





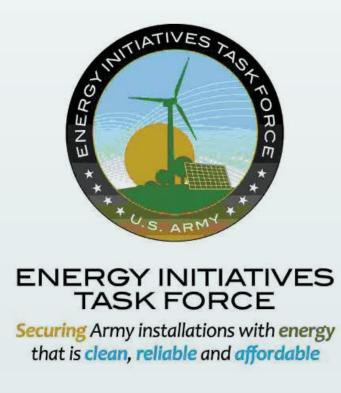
## **Roles of Key Players for the Proposed Project**

The Energy Initiatives Task Force (EITF) was established by the Secretary of the Army to serve as the central management office for partnering with Army installations to implement costeffective, large-scale renewable energy projects, leveraging private sector financing for the purpose of (1) providing energy security to the Army, and (2) meeting Army renewable energy goals. The EITF acts as the project proponent on behalf of the Army and provides project support to USAG-HI.

U.S. Army Garrison—Hawaii (USAG-HI) is responsible for Schofield Barracks, Wheeler Army Airfield, and Field Station Kunia. USAG-HI would be the project host and would be provided "first call to power" from the SGSP in the event of extended grid outages. USAG-HI is the project proponent for the EIS under the federal requirements and would sign the Record of Decision (ROD), along with the Army Installation Management Command.

Hawaiian Electric Company would lease land from the Army for the power plant and seek easements from the Army and the Department of Land and Natural Resources (DLNR) for the associated transmission lines. The company would finance, design, build, own, and operate the power plant and transmission lines. For the State EIS process, Hawaiian Electric Company is the Applicant to the DLNR.

As the agency responsible for State-owned lands over which the new transmission line would pass, DLNR would grant an easement to Hawaiian Electric Company. DLNR has determined that the entire scope of the project meets the requirements for an EIS under State law, therefore, DLNR will be the Approving Agency for the EIS on behalf of the State.

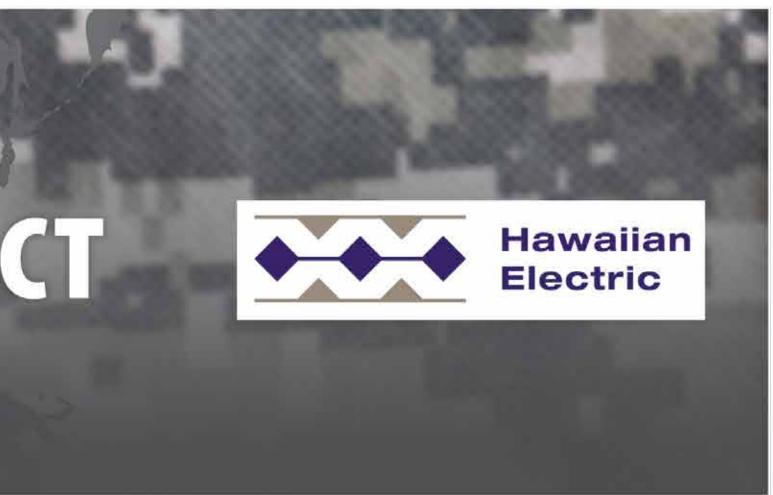








# SCHOFIELD GENERATING STATION PROJECT ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT STATEMENT





## **How Would this Project Benefit the Public?**

The project would benefit the residents of Oahu by:

- Providing 50 MW of new, modern, efficient, flexible power generation to all of Hawaiian Electric Company's customers.
- Enhancing the island's electrical resiliency and disaster response capability in the event of a natural or man-made disaster, by building Oahu's only power station located at elevation, away from coastlines, and on a military base with an airstrip capable of conducting and/or supporting military, National Guard, and FEMA disaster relief efforts.
- Enabling the integration of additional renewable energy sources to the grid, such as wind and solar power.
- Contributing to the State of Hawaii's Renewable Portfolio Standards and the Army's renewable energy goals by having the capability to burn renewable biofuels.
- Providing energy security for our military and National Guard units in support of their national security and disaster response missions.

# SCHOFIELD GENERATING STATION PROJECT ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT STATEMENT











# SCOPING MEETING SCHOFIELD GENERATING STATION PROJECT ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT STATEMENT

## **Overview of Energy Goals**

### **Army's Energy Goals**

- - 4. Survivability Ensuring resilience in energy systems

### Hawaii Clean Energy Initiative Goals

70% clean energy by 2030 with:

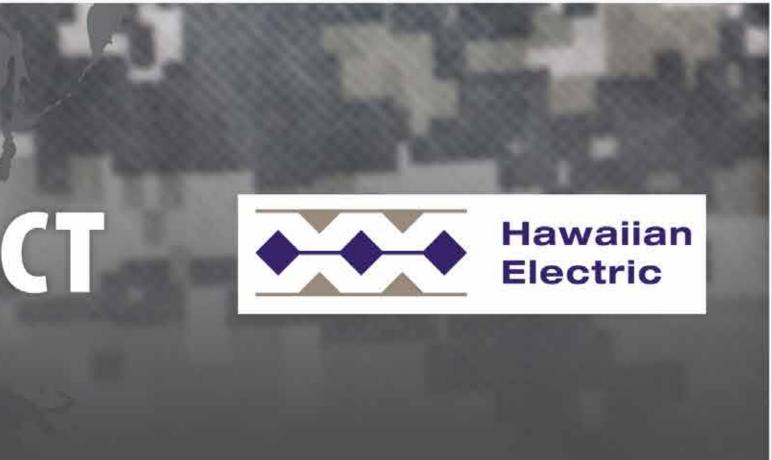
- 30% from efficiency measures
- 40% coming from locally generated renewable sources

### Hawaii Renewable Portfolio Standards

Under Hawaii's Renewable Portfolio Standard, each electric utility company that sells electricity for consumption in Hawaii must establish the following percentages of renewable electrical energy sales:

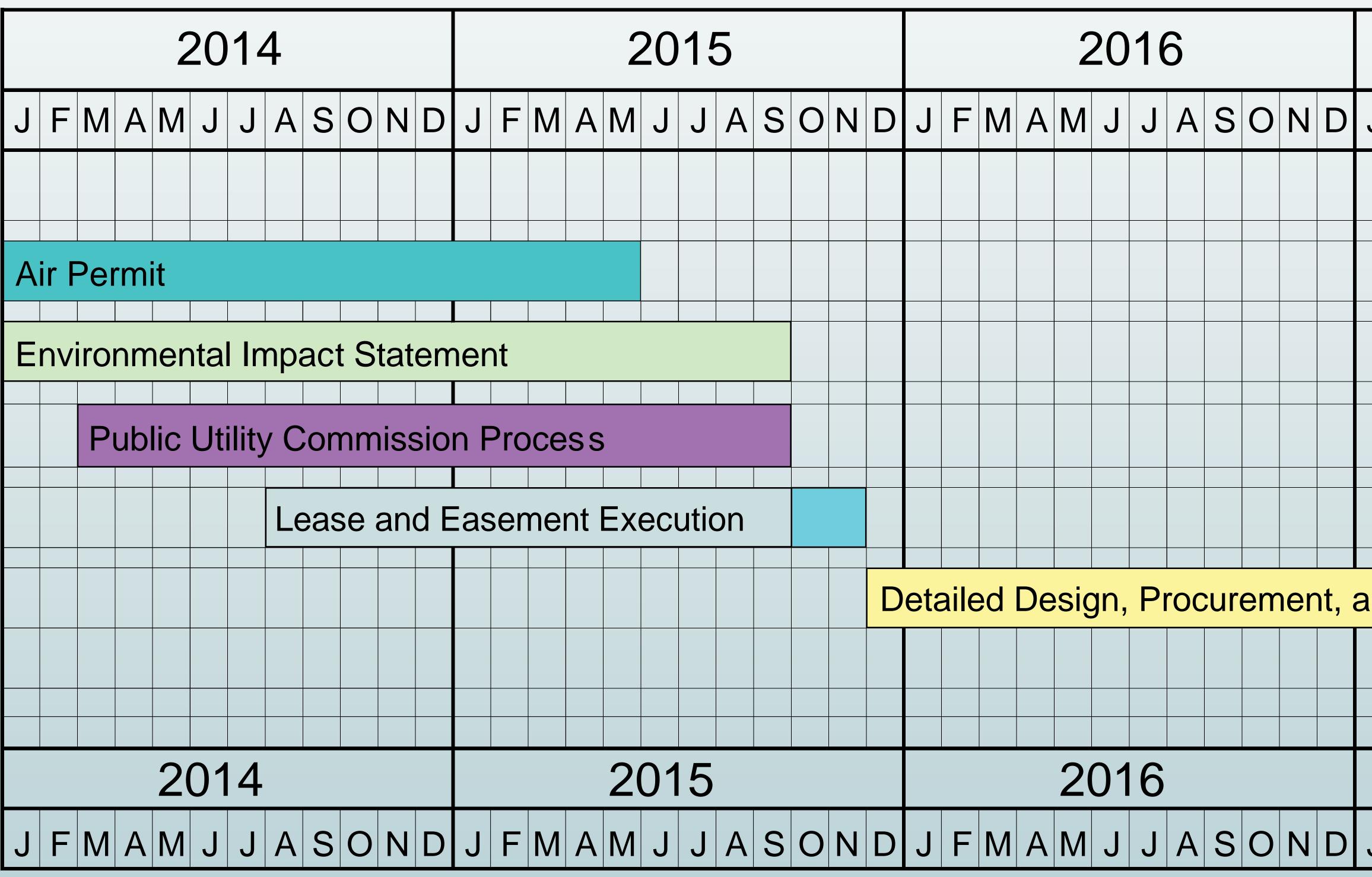
- 15% of its net electricity sales by December 31, 2015
- 25% of its net electricity sales by December 31, 2020
- 40% of its net electricity sales by December 31, 2030

25% of all energy consumed from renewable sources of supply by 2025 Produce 1 gigawatt of renewable power on Army installations by 2025 Provide energy security for all Army missions through the following: 1. Surety – Preventing loss of access to power and fuel sources 2. Supply – Accessing alternative and renewable energy sources available on installations 3. Sufficiency – Providing adequate power for critical missions 5. Sustainability – Promoting support for the Army's mission, its community, and the environment



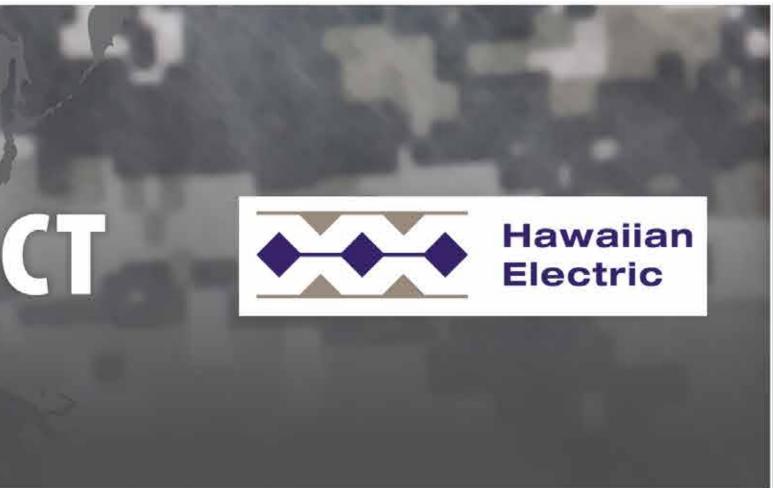


## SCOPING MEETING SCHOFIELD GENERATING STATION PROJECT ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT STATEMENT



Note: This timeline includes estimated dates only. The actual timeline could shift as the project progresses.

### **Project Timeline**



2017											
J	F	Μ	Α	Μ	J	J	A	S	0	N	D
and Construction											
									Online		
2017											
J	F	Μ	A	Μ	J	J	A	S	0	Ν	D



## What are the National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA) and the Hawaii Environmental Policy Act (HEPA)?

- NEPA and HEPA are Federal and State regulations that require the identification
- NEPA and HEPA are mechanisms for:

  - Evaluating potential environmental impacts.
  - <sup>o</sup> Incorporating public involvement into the decision-making process.

## What is an Environmental Impact Statement (EIS)?

- alternatives.
- alternative actions are evaluated.
- An EIS includes the analysis of effects on the human and natural environment.
- intended mitigation measures.

# SCHOFIELD GENERATING STATION PROJECT ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT STATEMENT

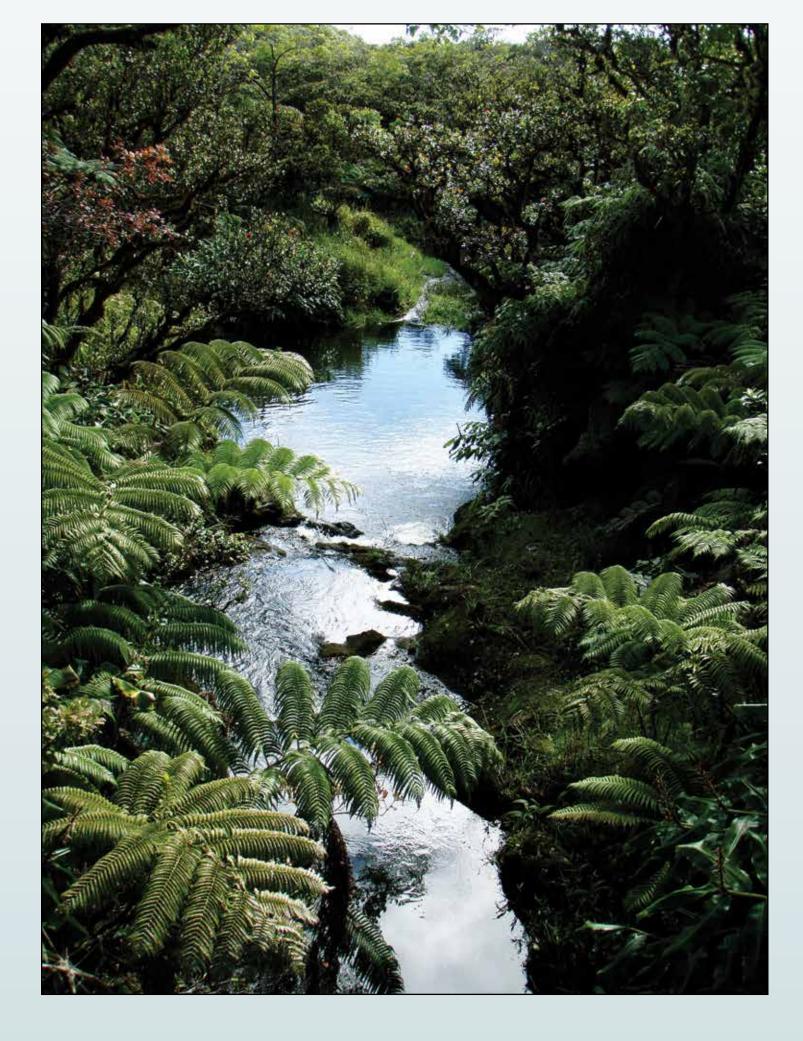
and analysis of potential significant effects on the quality of the natural and human environment of certain actions and alternatives before those actions take place.

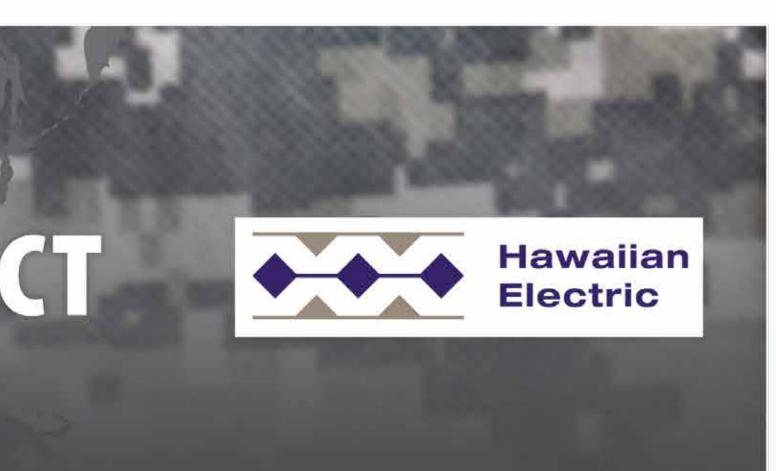
<sup>o</sup> Encouraging the consideration of alternatives having the least adverse effect.

• An EIS is a document that presents the analysis of the environmental effects of the proposed action and its

An EIS includes opportunities for public involvement in agency planning/decision-making processes. An EIS includes a description of the existing conditions of the affected environment against which effects of

An EIS defines the project's potential environmental consequences (direct, indirect, and cumulative effects) and







## **Steps in Preparing a Joint EIS**

- Issue a Notice of Intent (NOI) to prepare an EIS under NEPA and an EIS Preparation Notice (EISPN) under HEPA.
- 2. Consult and coordinate with regulatory agencies and the public to identify the scope and issues to be addressed in the EIS (the "scoping period").
- Prepare a Scope of Statement in response to comments received during the scoping period under NEPA. 3.
- 4. Provide the written responses to public comments received in response to the EISPN under HEPA.
- 5. Prepare the Draft EIS.
- 6. Circulate the Draft EIS for agency and public comment.
- 7. Revise the EIS to address comments received.
- Prepare the Final EIS. 8.
- 9. Circulate the Final EIS for agency and public comment.

### **Proposed Schedule for the EIS**

January 8, 2014	EISPN Is
January 17, 2014	NOI Issu
January 17 – March 2, 2014	Scoping
Fall 2014	Issue Dr
Summer 2015	Issue Fir
Fall 2015	Issue RC

## SCHOFIELD GENERATING STATION PROJECT ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT STATEMENT

10. Accept the Final EIS under HEPA and issue a Record of Decision (ROD) under NEPA.

- ssued
- Jed
- g Period
- raft EIS for Public Review
- nal EIS for Public Review
- OD

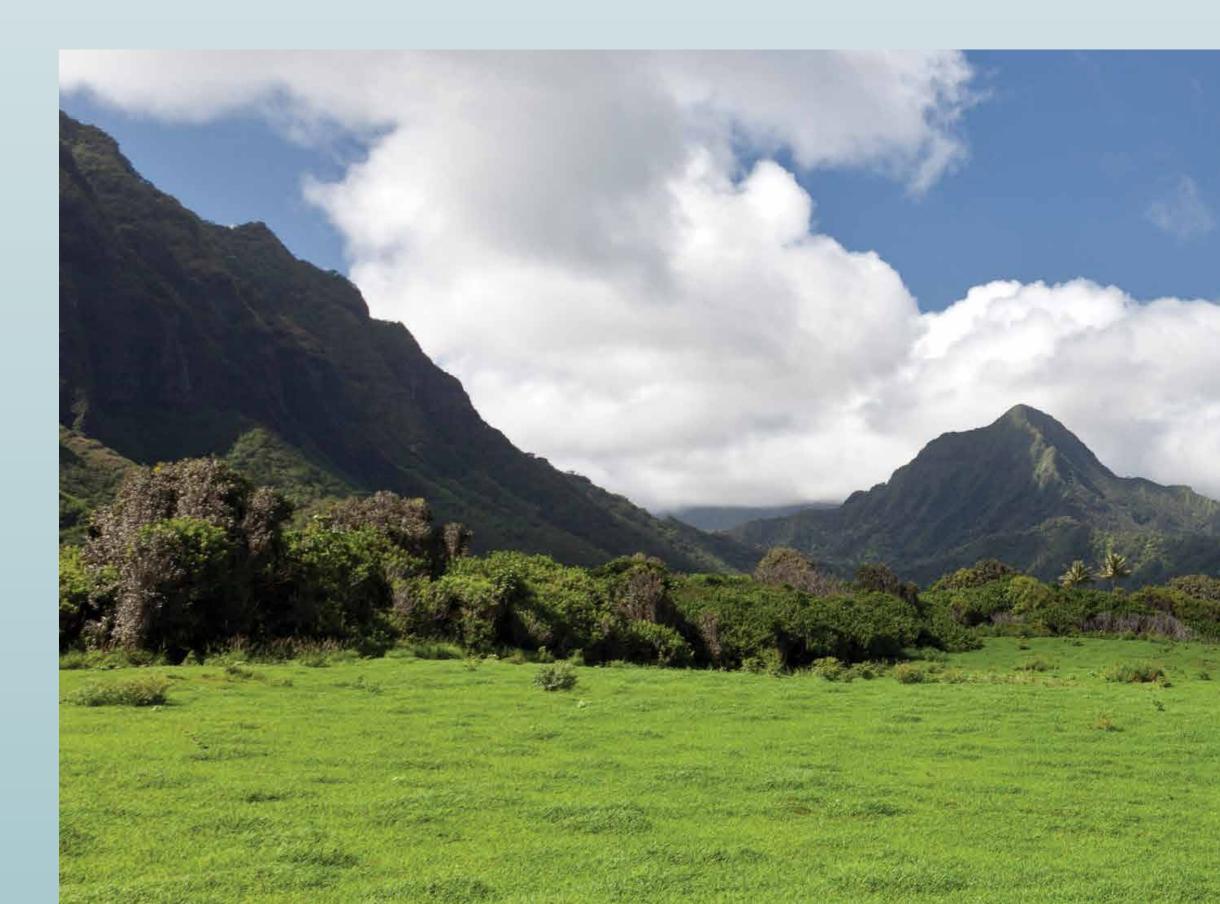






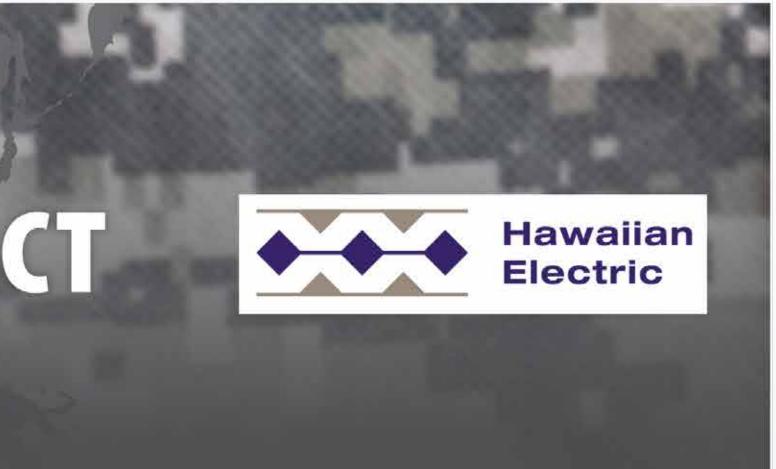
### **EIS Areas of Analysis**

- Air quality
- Airspace management
- Biological resources
- Cultural and historical resources
- Environmental justice
- Geology and soils
- Hazardous materials and waste management



## SCHOFIELD GENERATING STATION PROJECT ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT STATEMENT

- Land use
- Noise
- Public health and safety
- Socioeconomics
- Traffic and transportation
- Utilities and infrastructure
- Visual resources
- Water resources

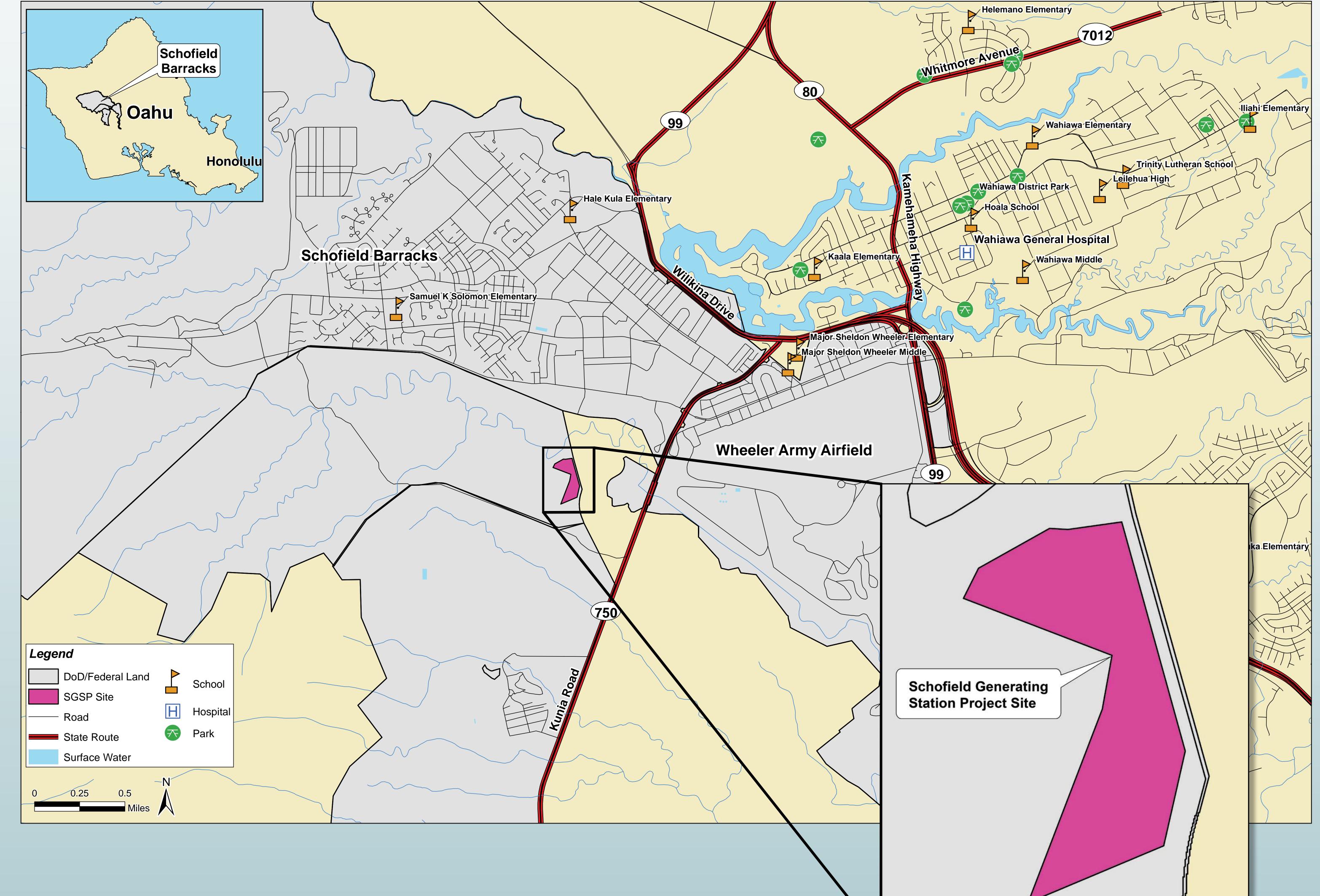






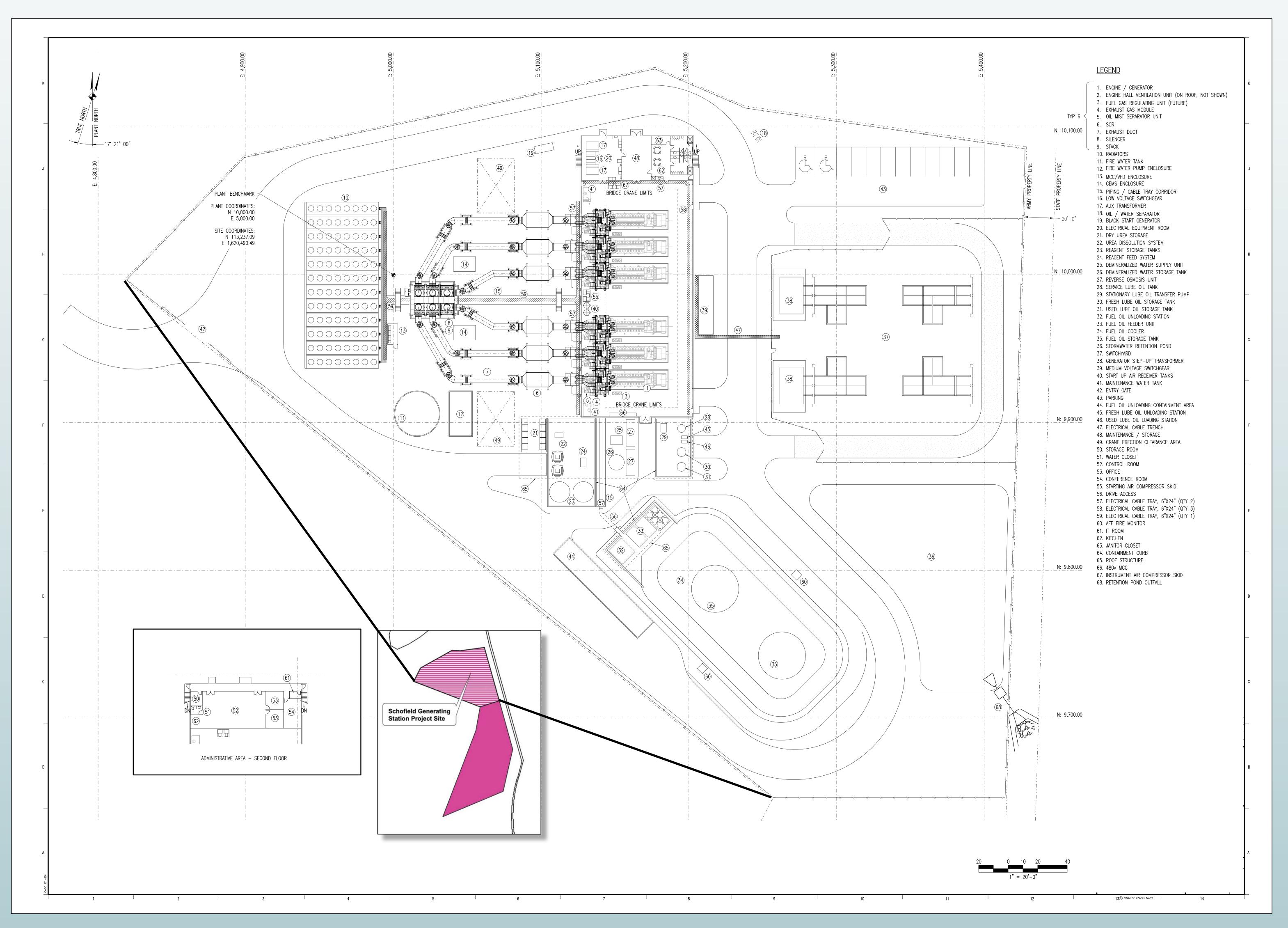


### **Schofield Barracks and Proposed Project Site**





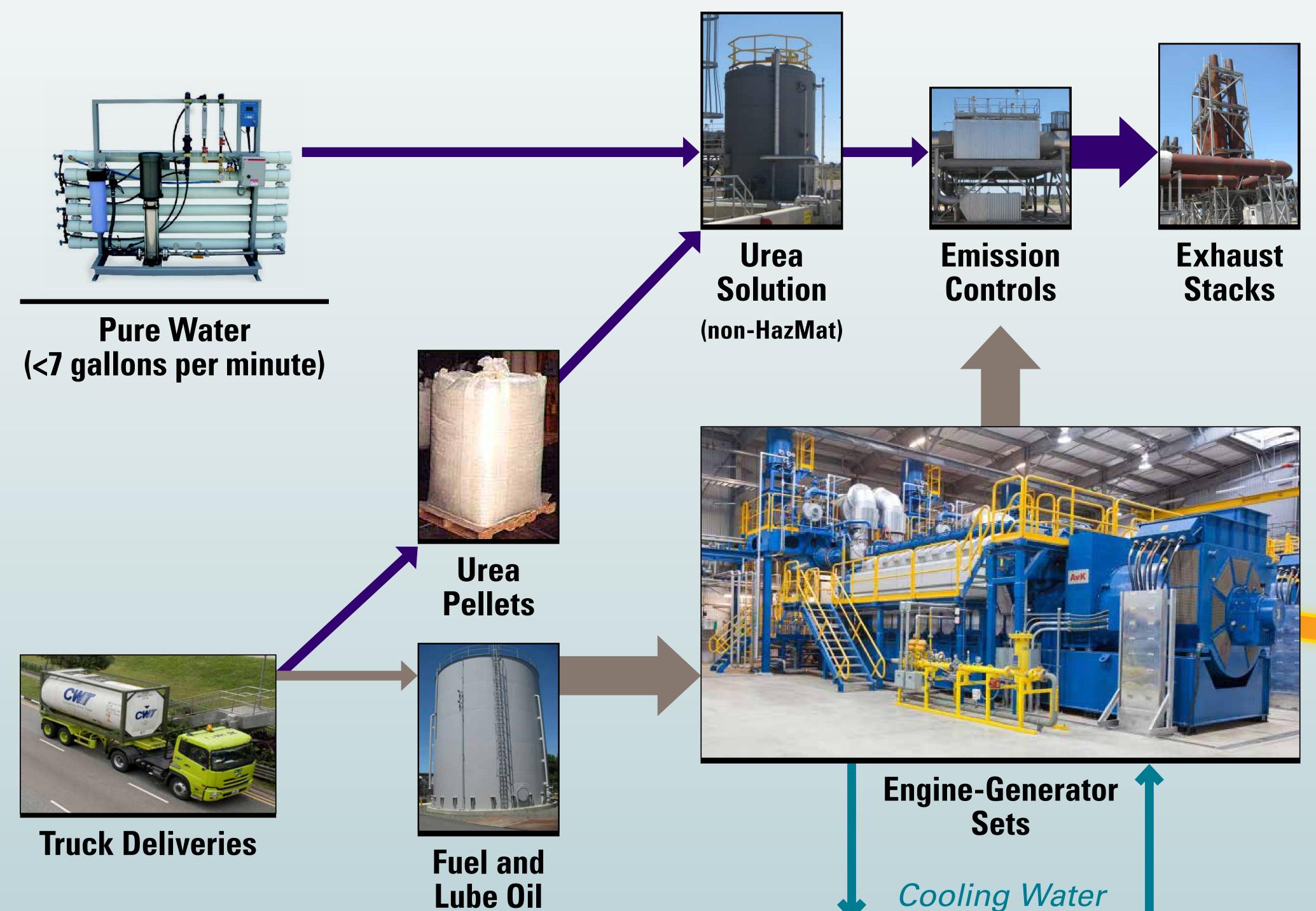
### **Preliminary Project Site Design**



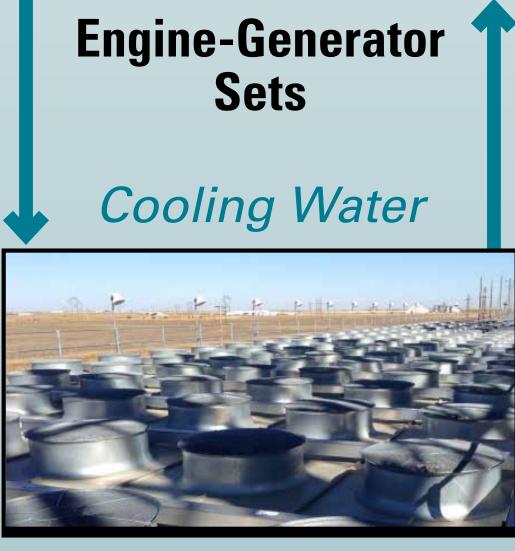
Preliminary design concept subject to change.



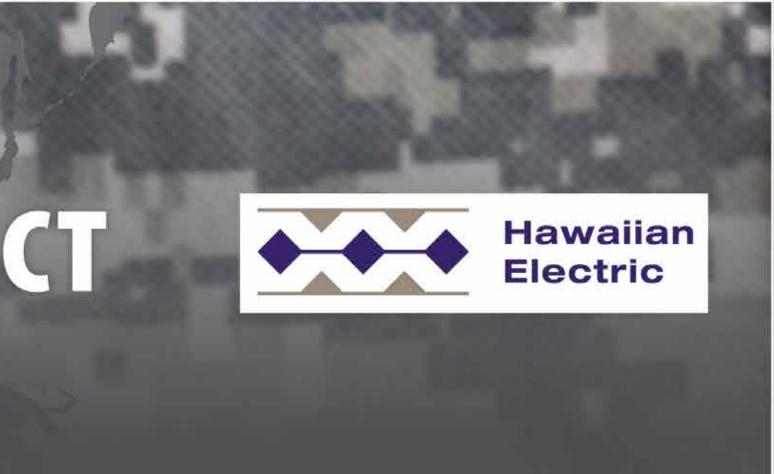
### **How Will the Power Plant Work?**



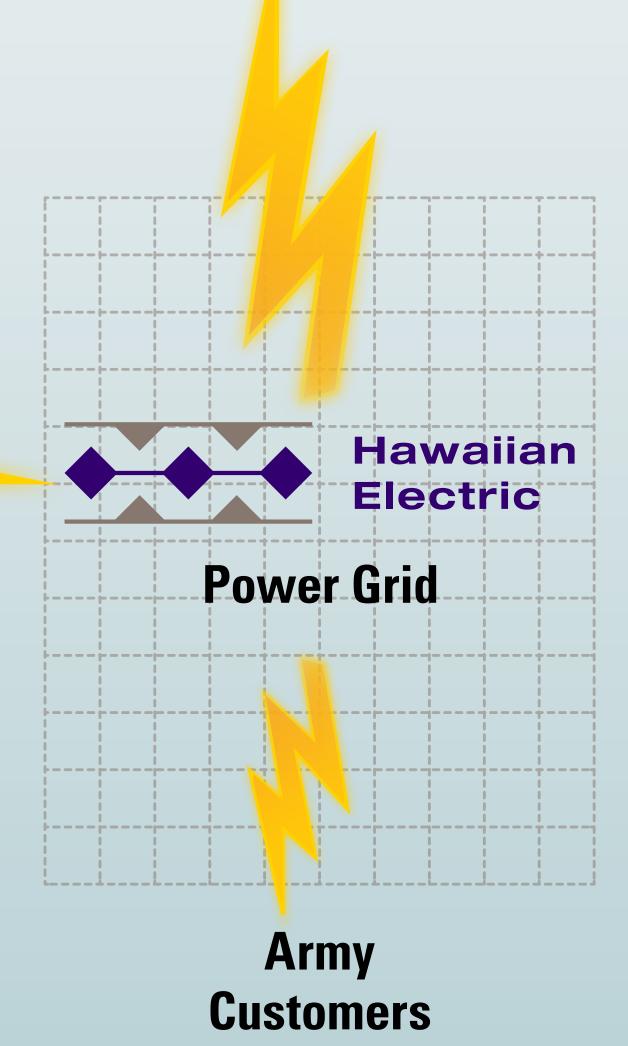
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### **Radiators**

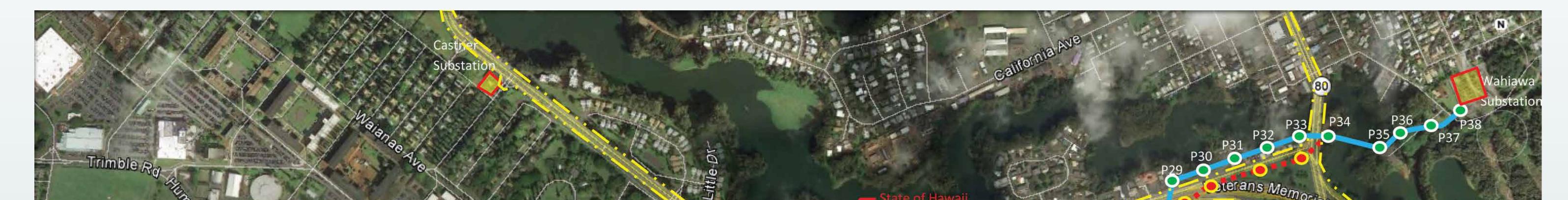








### **Draft Transmission Line Route**

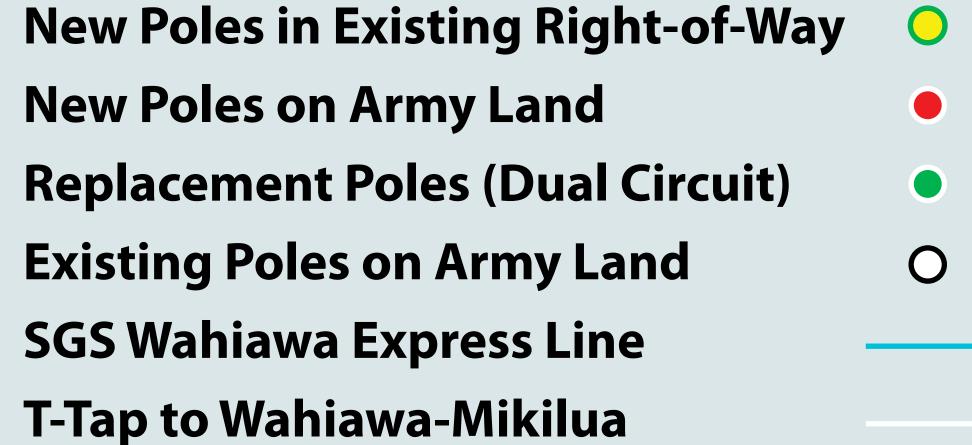


tation

Dumont

Ralston

Field



(H2)

Google earth



Schofield

\*Pole locations are approximate and subject to change, pending appropriate easement approvals.

Airdrome Rd



### **Scoping Milestones**

- Notice of Intent Published January 17, 2014
- 45-day Public Scoping Period Opens January 17, 2014
- Public Scoping Meetings February 5 and 6, 2014
- Public Scoping Period Closes March 2, 2014



### How to Provide Comments

### Oral

- Sign up to give oral comments during the formal comment session.
- Provide comments directly to the court reporter.

### Written

- Use comment forms provided.
- Type comments at the computer station.
- Email comments to: sgspcomments@tetratech.com.
- Fax comments to (703) 385-6007 (Attn: SGSP EIS).
- Mail comments (Postmarked by March 2, 2014):



Melissa DeSantis ATTN: SGSP Comments Tetra Tech, Inc. 10306 Eaton Place, Suite 340 Fairfax, VA 22030

> All comments due by: MARCH 2, 2014