



Phantom Justice: May 2022



Separations

A SSG was retained under Chapter 14-12c(2) IAW a plea agreement for wrongful use of steroids and wrongful disposition of Army property.

A SSG was retained under Chapter 14-12c(2) IAW a plea agreement for wrongful use and distribution of steroids.

A SSG was retained under Chapter 14-12c(2) IAW a plea agreement for wrongful use and distribution of steroids.

A SGT was separated under Chapter 14-12c with a General discharge for COVID vaccine refusal.

A SGT was separated under Chapter 14-12c with a General discharge for COVID vaccine refusal.

A SPC was separated under Chapter 14-12c with a General discharge for COVID vaccine refusal.

A SPC was separated under Chapter 14-12c with a General discharge for COVID vaccine refusal.

A SPC was separated under Chapter 14-12c with a General discharge for COVID vaccine refusal.

A SPC was separated under Chapter 14-12c with a General discharge for COVID vaccine refusal.

A SPC received a suspended separation for 6 months with a General discharge under Chapter 14-12c for initially refusing the COVID vaccine but is now in full compliance with the vaccine order.

Courts-Martial

On 2 May 2022, at a general court-martial convened at Fort Hood, Texas, CPT Robin A. Morales, United States Army, was convicted by a military judge, pursuant to his pleas, of one specification of conspiracy, one specification of larceny of military property of a value less than \$1,000.00, and one specification of false official statement in violation of Articles 81, 121, and 107, UCMJ. The military judge sentenced the accused to be reprimanded, to forfeit all pay and allowances, to be confined for 75 days, and to be dismissed from the service. The sentence was consistent with the terms of a plea agreement.

On 6 May 2022, at a general court-martial convened at Fort Hood, Texas, SFC Jeremiah R. Pierce, United States Army, was convicted by a military judge, pursuant to his pleas, of one specification of conspiracy to steal military property, of a value of more than \$1,000.00, the property of the United States Government, and one specification of larceny of military property, of a value of more than \$1,000.00, the property of the United States Government, in violation of Articles 81 and 121, UCMJ. The military judge sentenced the accused to be confined for 7 days, total forfeitures, and to be discharged from the service with a bad-conduct discharge. The sentence was consistent with the terms of a plea agreement.

On 14 May 2022, at a general court-martial convened at Fort Hood, Texas, SSG Daniel D. Herman, United States Army, was convicted by a military judge, contrary to his pleas, of one specification of false official statement and six specifications of wrongful broadcast of intimate visual images in violation of Articles 107 and 117a, UCMJ. The accused was acquitted of one specification of failing to obey an order or regulation and one specification of wrongful broadcast of intimate visual images in violation of Articles 92 and 117a, UCMJ. The military judge sentenced the accused to be reduced to the grade of E-1, to be confined for 13 months, and to be discharged from the service with a bad-conduct discharge.

On 16 May 2022, at a general court-martial convened at Fort Hood, Texas, SSG Nicholas J. Crayne, United States Army, was convicted by a military judge, pursuant to his pleas, of two specifications of solicitation, six specifications of wrongful use, distribution, and possession of controlled substances, and one specification of receipt of stolen property in violation of Articles 82, 112a, and 122a, UCMJ. The military judge sentenced the accused to be confined for 30 days, and to be discharged from the service with a bad-conduct discharge. The sentence was consistent with the terms of a plea agreement.

III Corps Military Justice Actions:

- DUI GOMORs: 2
- MISCONDUCT GOMORs: 1
- Article 15s: 80
- DV Administrative Separations: 1
- Sex Crimes Administrative Separations: 1
- Sex Crimes Courts-Martial: 1
- Total Courts-Martial: 4

NOTE: Soldiers being separated administratively may receive one of three characterizations of service: Honorable, General, or Other Than Honorable (OTH). Anything less than an Honorable discharge may result in the loss of certain benefits and negatively affect employment and educational opportunities. References to "Chapter 14-12c" are to specific provisions within Army Regulation 635-200, Active Duty Enlisted Administrative Separations, related to separation for commission of a serious offense.

NOTE: Cases involving Soldiers accused of committing sexual assault or sexual contact offenses may be disposed of through the administrative separation process for a number of reasons. For example, survivors sometimes prefer the administrative separation process over participating in a court-martial.

NOTE: Officer eliminations are approved at Human Resources Command, whereas enlisted separations are approved at the local installation.

NOTE: A Chapter 10 is an administrative separation in lieu of trial by court martial.



Phantom Justice: May 2022



Separations (continued)

A SPC received a suspended separation for 6 months with a General discharge under Chapter 14-12c for sexual harassment.

A PFC was separated under Chapter 14-12c with a General discharge for COVID vaccine refusal.

A PV2 was separated under Chapter 14-12c with an Honorable discharge for online misconduct.

A PV2 was separated under Chapter 14-12c with a General discharge for COVID vaccine refusal.

A SGT was separated under Chapter 14-12c with an OTH discharge for fraud.

A PV1 was separated under Chapter 14-12c with an OTH discharge for assault and sexual harassment.

A SPC was separated under Chapter 14-12c with a General discharge for COVID vaccine refusal.

A SGT was separated under Chapter 14-12c with a General discharge for COVID vaccine refusal.

A SPC was separated under Chapter 14-12c with a General discharge for COVID vaccine refusal.

A SPC was separated under Chapter 14-12c with a General discharge for COVID vaccine refusal.

Separations (continued)

A SPC was separated under Chapter 14-12c with a General discharge for COVID vaccine refusal.

A SPC was separated under Chapter 14-12c with a General discharge for COVID vaccine refusal.

A SPC was separated under Chapter 14-12c with a General discharge for COVID vaccine refusal.

A SPC was separated under Chapter 14-12c with a General discharge for COVID vaccine refusal.

A SPC was separated under Chapter 14-12c with a General discharge for COVID vaccine refusal.

Following an administrative separation board's recommendation, a SPC was separated under Chapter 14-12c with a General discharge for sexual assault.

Following an administrative separation board's recommendation, a PV2 was separated under Chapter 14-12c with an OTH discharge for sexual harassment.

A PV1 was separated under Chapter 14-12c(2) with a General discharge for wrongful use of illegal drugs.

A 1LT was recommended for elimination with a General characterization of service for fraternization and inappropriate relationship.

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